

Annual Financial Report

for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000



State of Arizona

Department of Transportation



Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

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For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1999

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State of Arizona-Department of Transportation

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000

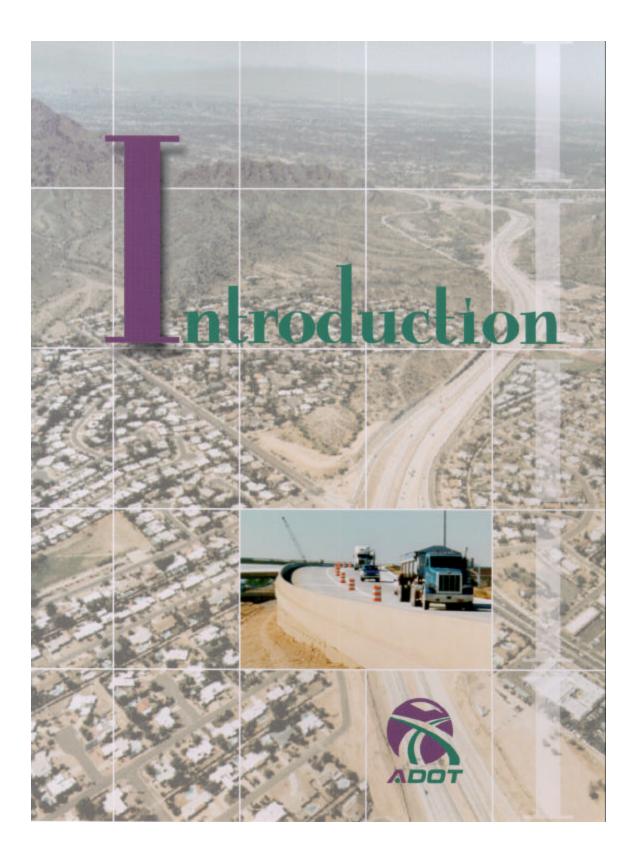
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Regional Area Road Fund Series Bond Coverage



The Honorable Jane D. Hull, Governor of the State of Arizona, Members of the Legislature, and Citizens of the State of Arizona:

The Arizona Department of Transportation (Department) is pleased to submit the comprehensive annual financial report of the Arizona Department of Transportation, for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2000. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the Department. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds and account groups. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the Department's financial activities have been included.

The Department was established by the State Legislature in July 1974 by combining the former Arizona Highway Department (originally established in 1927) and the State Department of Aeronautics (originally established in 1962). The Department is not legally separate from the State of Arizona's primary government. The Department's mission is to provide a transportation system, together with the means of revenue collection, licensing and safety programs, which meets the needs of the citizens of Arizona. It serves as the State's public agency to plan, develop, maintain and operate facilities for the efficient movement of people and goods by surface and air throughout the State. The Department has statutory responsibility for carrying out its programs under Arizona Revised Statutes, Titles 28, 35 and 41.

The Department receives guidance in capital planning and program development from a seven-member Transportation Board of the State of Arizona Department of Transportation (Transportation Board) appointed by the Governor. The Transportation Board is responsible for the annual update of the five-year highway and airport construction program and

awards contracts each month for highway projects. The Transportation Board also has authority for the issuance of highway revenue and transportation excise tax bonds, grant anticipation notes, board funding obligations and approval of privatization agreements for toll facilities.

The Department is structured into five major divisions: Intermodal Transportation, Motor Vehicle, Aeronautics, Transportation Planning and Administration, also called Transportation Services Group (TSG). The Department employs approximately 4,700 persons.

The Department's key responsibilities to its customers include:

- Planning, designing, constructing, and maintaining a statewide transportation system.
- Providing title, registration, and licensing services.
- Providing revenue collection and distribution for both highway user and aviation-related taxes and fees.

To meet the needs of its customers, the Department's responsibilities are carried out at locations throughout the State. Most administrative activities are headquartered in or near the Capitol Complex in Phoenix. TSG includes a range of support services for the Department's core business functions. Field activities for the Motor Vehicle Division are carried out statewide including 22 Ports-of-Entry around the State's borders, and 65 Driver's License/Title and Registration Offices. The Intermodal Transportation Division services its customers through 10 District Offices located throughout the State. These District Offices are responsible for all construction and maintenance activities for the State highway system.

The comprehensive annual financial report is presented in three sections: Introductory, Financial, and Statistical. The **Introductory Section** includes this letter of transmittal, a list of principal officials and the Department's organizational chart. The **Financial Section** includes the report of the independent auditors, general purpose financial statements, notes, required supplementary information and the combining and individual fund and account group financial statements. The **Statistical Section** includes additional financial information and transportation data presented on a multi-year comparative basis.

The objectives of this comprehensive annual financial report are to provide data relative to the financial position of the Department in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and to include the required financial audits of the State Highway Fund and the remaining funds.

This report includes all funds and account groups used to record the financial activity of the Department. The activities of the State Highway Fund (construction and debt service), the Maricopa Regional Area Road Fund, Bond Funds, and other funds that show the "pass-through" of state and Federal monies are reflected in this report.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK

For the Year Ended

For Fiscal Year 2000, the Department's two main funding sources, the Highway User Revenue Fund (HURF) and the Maricopa County Transportation Excise Tax posted mixed growth.

Fiscal Year 2000 HURF collections surpassed one billion dollars for the first time, reaching \$1.02 billion, an increase of 3.8 percent over Fiscal Year 1999. Collections were 0.3 percent below the estimate. All the major revenue categories exceeded the estimate except Gas Tax and Use Fuel Tax .

The Arizona economy continued to be strong in Fiscal Year 2000, with continued high rankings in population, personal income and employment growth when compared to the rest of the nation. The unemployment rate for Arizona alone has remained at or near the lowest levels in more than 30 years. The slower growth in HURF revenues during Fiscal Year 2000 was due mainly to non-economic factors. The decrease in the Gas Tax and Use Fuel Tax collections was a result of unusual refund activity and higher fuel

prices. The Vehicle License Tax (VLT) collections continued to benefit from population growth and strong new car sales. The Registration revenues benefited from the receipt of late motor carrier fees from states that were slow to implement the higher fees imposed under the 1997 legislative changes (Senate Bill 1144).

Arizona's population has grown at an average annual rate of 3.1 percent since 1990, reaching an estimated 4.9 million by July 2000. Arizona continues to rank as one of the fastest growing states in the nation. The economic wealth of Arizona has also increased with personal income growing at an annual average rate of 8.2 percent since 1991 compared to 5.4 percent for the United States. Arizona wage and salary employment has grown by 4.5 percent creating an average of 70,000 jobs each year for the same time period.

The Maricopa County Transportation Excise Tax funds the Maricopa County Regional Freeway System. This tax, with receipts deposited into the Maricopa County Regional Area Road Fund (RARF), is applied to business activity in Maricopa County, including retail sales, contracting, utilities, rental of real and personal property, restaurant and bar receipts, and other smaller activities.

Maricopa County Transportation Excise Tax collections totaled \$249 million during Fiscal Year 2000, an increase of 8.5 percent over Fiscal Year 1999 and 0.8 percent above the forecast. Since 1991, the Maricopa County Transportation Excise Tax collections have grown by an average annual growth rate of 9.1 percent.

For the Future

With slower growth expected and higher fuel prices, the Department's forecast for Fiscal Year 2001 HURF collections totals \$1.043 billion. This represents a 2.3 percent increase over Fiscal Year 2000. The HURF average annual compound growth rate for Fiscal Years 1991 through 2000 has been 4.6 percent.

The distribution of HURF collections in Fiscal Year 2001 is estimated to be as follows: State Highway Fund \$517 million; Arizona cities and towns \$312 million; Arizona counties \$194 million; Department of Public Safety \$13 million; Prescott Regional Transportation Center \$6 million, and Economic Strength Project Fund \$1 million.

In addition, the Department's share of the non-HURF portion of the vehicle license tax is estimated at \$7 million along with a State General Fund appropriation of \$17 million. With the recent legislation to reduce the vehicle license tax rate, the State Highway Fund share has decreased and is projected to be eliminated on December 1, 2000. However, Laws 1999, Chapter 5 specifies that replacement funding in the form of a State General Fund appropriation be made to hold the State Highway Fund revenue neutral.

The Fiscal Year 2001 Transportation Excise Tax collections are projected to be \$264 million, an increase of 6.2 percent over Fiscal Year 2000 The Maricopa County economic indicators for Fiscal Year 2001 remain strong but with some moderation. The Transportation Excise Tax average annual compound growth rate for Fiscal Years 1991 through 2000 has been 9.1 percent.

Landmark Federal transportation legislation was enacted into law on June 9, 1998, providing Arizona funding through Fiscal Year 2003 under a multi-year authorization bill. This measure, the Transportation Equity Act for the 21st Century (TEA-21), provides a record level of investment for transportation infrastructure. Under TEA-21, Arizona is expected to receive \$2.7 billion over the Fiscal Year 1998-2003 period. On an annual basis, the Department expects to receive an average of \$341 million per year in Federal highway apportionments with an additional \$106 million allocated to local governments. The TEA-21 funding level for Arizona is estimated to be approximately 76 percent higher than the average Arizona received under the previous Federal Transportation Act (ISTEA).

In developing the State's transportation plans and budgets, the goal is to produce a balanced program that maximizes the investment of transportation dollars, while meeting priority needs, both in the construction and operations area. The Department has developed and implemented a strategic approach to transportation financial planning which is linked to the budget to ensure that the resources necessary to implement the plan are allocated in accordance with priorities reflected in the plan.

The framework for strategic financial planning encompasses the use of enhanced tools, models and techniques, including cash flow models, statistical and econometric models, and bond optimization modeling. Life cycle management and risk analysis are enhancements that have significantly strengthened

the planning process, further ensuring that programs remain in fiscal balance.

Through strategic planning, the Department integrates the needs of projected budgets for operations, the Five-Year Highway and Aviation Construction Programs, and Land, Building and Improvements (Facilities) into a composite plan for operating within the constraints of a dedicated, but limited, revenue stream. This planning process involves the evaluation of alternatives to ensure the efficient and effective use of limited resources. The product of this process is a deliverable plan of transportation improvements that is fiscally conservative.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

For the Year Ended

During Fiscal Year 2000, the Department continued to make significant progress in delivering quality products and services to Arizona residents and visitors. Highlighted below are the Department's most notable achievements.

During Fiscal Year 2000, a total of \$746 million was obligated for highway construction. This total included \$238 million for Maricopa Regional Freeway System projects, \$11 million for other projects in Maricopa County, and \$467 million for work statewide. At the end of Fiscal Year 2000, the Department had \$820 million in highway construction work underway.

The Regional Freeway Program in Maricopa County that was redefined in 1995 to complete 107 miles of freeways by 2006 has been advanced and expanded to include 37 additional miles on the Santan and Red Mountain freeways, previously shown in the Long Range Plan. Under the "2007 Acceleration Plan," 147 miles of new freeways are planned to be opened by the end of 2007. Currently 58 miles have been opened to traffic and 30 more miles are under construction. The acceleration is being accomplished through the use of two new financing techniques, Grant Anticipation Notes and Board Funding Obligations. The Department's Freeway Management System has added eight miles to State Route (SR) 51 during Fiscal Year 2000. The network of traffic sensors, electronic signs, computers, communications equipment. cameras and people monitor traffic conditions and notify response teams of crashes. The system now covers 50 miles of Valley freeways. Construction of an

additional 16 miles on Interstate 17, Red Mountain Freeway (Loop 202) and Price Freeway (Loop 101) is underway and will be completed in Fiscal Year 2001. A freeway management system on 11 miles of Interstate 10 and Interstate 19 in Tucson is under construction. When the Tucson system comes online in mid-2001, it will be linked to the Valley's system. The Department's freeway management system also is expanding to rural areas with the design and installation of 17 variable message signs on rural highways underway. The message signs will join an existing network of seven signs installed on rural highways to warn drivers of road conditions and incidents.

In June 2000, the Transportation Board approved a \$4.3 billion Five-Year Highway Construction Program for Fiscal Years 2001 through 2005, which provides funding for highway facilities throughout the State. The Five-Year program includes approximately: \$1.592 billion for freeway and expressway construction in Maricopa County funded in large part from the Maricopa County Regional Area Road Fund; \$1.768 billion for system improvements; \$722 million for system preservation, and \$258 million for system management on both the National Highway System and statewide system.

The Transportation Board also adopted a Five-Year \$259 million Statewide Airport Development Program that includes 606 projects at general aviation and air carrier airports located throughout the state.

For the Fiscal Year 2000, state-owned Grand Canyon National Park Airport remained the third busiest air carrier airport in the State with 159,681 takeoffs and landings and with 1,207,817 passengers enplaning and deplaning. The airport has been owned by the State since its construction in 1965. Grand Canyon Airport revenue for Fiscal Year 2000 amounted to \$1.2 million. On May 12, 1999, Governor Hull signed House Bill 2374, which created an Airport Authority (a State entity) for the Grand Canyon National Park Airport. The Airport Authority assumed operational control on October 1, 1999.

ADOT officially completed its Year 2000 (Y2K) effort in January of 2000 with no major problems or issues. All of the Department's mission critical systems, applications and networks were functioning properly on January 1, 2000, and are officially Y2K compliant. To date, there have been no system or application failures as a result of Y2K.

The Department's web site is accessed an average of 500,000 times a week by customers and business partners seeking current transportation information. In addition to the online services offered by MVD, meeting agendas of the Governor's Transportation Vision 21 Task Force and the Transportation Board are available. Visitors will also find Geographic Information System (GIS) maps, news releases and legislative summaries. Cameras showing freeway conditions have proven to be a viewing favorite. ADOTNet, the Department's Intranet site, has enabled employees to improve and expand their internal exchange of information for almost two years. By providing virus alerts, training schedules, forms, documents and information regarding current events, individuals within our organization are better informed and are enjoying a more collaborative work environment. As we progress into the future, projects underway include a Policy & Procedure database and an online bidding program for contractors.

The Motor Vehicle Division's Third Party Program continues to expand in line with the strategic direction to focus on customer service and promote competitive government by partnering with public and private sector contractors to provide certain MVD services. By the end of Fiscal Year 2000 there were 58 third party companies providing title and registration services at a rate of approximately 90,000 transactions per month. Other third parties are performing inspections on out-of-state vehicles transferring titles to Arizona, administering driver license exams, processing driver license applications and providing motor vehicle records. Overall, third parties were performing 36 percent of MVD's business by the end of the Fiscal Year.

In addition, nearly 35,000 vehicle owners per month are renewing their vehicle registration on the Internet or by interactive voice response (IVR) on the telephone with the Division's electronic service delivery system, ServiceArizona. New services added to ServiceArizona during Fiscal Year 2000 were special license plate orders, duplicate driver license orders and driver license address changes. This system has won industry awards and national recognition for its innovative use of technology to improve customer service. MVD is working to encourage even more customers to renew by mail, Internet, and IVR thereby avoiding a trip to a MVD office.

For the Future

Looking ahead, it is anticipated that increasing demands will be placed on the State's transportation infrastructure and support services, in response to an expanding population base. The Department will be challenged to maintain existing facilities, meet the demand for new or upgraded roadways, and provide needed services for its citizens. Given increasing requirements in an environment of constrained revenues, one of the Department's key strategies will focus on optimizing resources through process encouraging more improvements, competitive business practices, and leveraging existing revenues. Innovative financing and public-private partnerships will continue to play a key role in maximizing resources to better meet transportation needs. Another key strategy will be workforce development to ensure that the Department retains a high performing workforce with the skill sets to meet the changing needs of the Department.

Innovative Financing

Investment in transportation infrastructure will continue to play an important role in the strengthening of the Arizona economy in the 21st Century. In order to optimize dollars for construction, the Department has implemented several innovative financial mechanisms. These mechanisms include additional funding of the Highway Expansion and Extension Loan Program (HELP) and Grant Anticipation Notes. HELP is Arizona's state infrastructure bank and is a loan fund that is capitalized with federal and state dollars as well as Board Funding Obligations issued by the Department to the State Treasurer. Grant Anticipation Notes are a financing mechanism that leverages future receipt of Federal highway aid.

Maricopa County Regional Freeway System

Transportation serves a vital strategic role in regional development. A safe and efficient transportation system can further economic growth, enhance competitiveness in the global marketplace, and provide a better quality of life for the citizens of the region. Improved or new transportation facilities often serve as a catalyst in business location decisions. Over the fifteen-year period from Fiscal Year 1986 to 2000, the Department has spent \$3.7 billion on new regional freeway projects in the Phoenix area, financed largely with the 1985 voter approved transportation excise tax. This investment has been a powerful engine for economic growth in the region.

Between 2001 and 2007, the Department will spend an additional \$1.6 billion to build new freeways in the Phoenix area. Planned construction is highlighted below:

Pima Freeway (Loop 101)

Pima Freeway from Loop 202 to Shea Boulevard is open and construction is underway on the freeway north to Princess Drive. Interim access at Princess Drive is now available, with a final opening scheduled in the Spring of 2001. Projects totaling \$85 million are currently underway which extend the Pima Freeway across the northern edge of the Valley, linking it with Interstate 17 and the Agua Fria Freeway. Opening of the freeway between Interstate 17 and Scottsdale Road is anticipated in the Spring of 2001. The remaining section between Scottsdale Road and Princess Drive is scheduled to be completed in 2003.

Price Freeway (Loop 101)

This north-south route will be the city of Chandler's first freeway, giving this growing community direct access to the Regional Freeway System. Two projects between Guadalupe and Frye Roads are now under construction with completion estimated in early 2001. The Price Freeway interchange with the Santan Freeway (Loop 101) is expected to be completed by the end of 2004.

Red Mountain Freeway (Loop 202)

The Red Mountain Freeway continues to reach farther into the East Valley. Also known as the Loop 202, this freeway is a popular alternative to the Superstition Freeway (US 60). In August 1998, the Red Mountain Freeway opened to Country Club Drive (SR 87), making it easier for motorists to reach the State's rim country. Over the next six years, the Department will spend more than \$550 million to complete the Red Mountain Freeway to the Superstition Freeway (US 60), which will serve the rapidly growing communities of the East Valley.

Squaw Peak Freeway (SR 51)

The Squaw Peak Freeway has been opened to Bell Road, bringing the total number of open miles on this facility to eight. The remaining two miles, which connect the Squaw Peak Freeway with the Pima Freeway (Loop 101), are scheduled for completion by the end of 2003.

Agua Fria Freeway (Loop 101)

The northwest Valley has seen major strides toward the completion of the Agua Fria Freeway. Currently, 16 miles are open between Northern Avenue and Interstate 17. The residents of the growing West Valley suburbs now have direct freeway access to downtown Phoenix. The final section of the Agua Fria freeway, which completes a connection with Interstate 10 is scheduled to be opened to traffic in October.

South Mountain Freeway (Loop 202)

The acceleration of the Regional Freeway System includes an early connection of the Interstate 10 / Santan / South Mountain interchange to the west that will connect to existing Pecos Road at 40th Street. ADOT continues developing the South Mountain corridor by initiating an Environmental Impact Statement and Design Concept Study. The proposed interim South Mountain Freeway connection between Pecos Road at 19th Avenue to Baseline Road near 59th Avenue, which will provide access to the Ahwatukee community, to and from the west will be evaluated as part of the study.

Santan Freeway (Loop 202)

Project development on the Santan Freeway, which is projected to cost approximately \$780 million, is starting with the first project scheduled to begin construction in 2001 near Interstate 10. Completion of the Santan Freeway is targeted for 2007. The Santan Freeway will provide improved mobility to the rapidly growing southeast valley.

Technology

The Department is considered a leader in the use of technology to improve traffic flow and keep drivers informed about freeway and highway conditions. Less congestion leads to safer freeways. As the Valley's freeway system grows, so does the Department's network of computer driven message boards and traffic flow detectors. The application of

Intelligent Transportation Systems (ITS) allows Department technicians in the Department's Traffic Operations Center in Phoenix to monitor traffic conditions and alert drivers to delays. Drivers can log on to Department's main web site at www.dot.state.az.us or go directly to Department's freeway management system at www.azfms.com for traffic information.

The Department, Maricopa County, Valley cities and private industry launched the AZTech initiative to install technologies to detail current traffic conditions, ease congestion, alert drivers to delays and improve public transit operations. AZTech received a \$7.5 million federal grant to help fund the \$15 million project. In the fall of 1998, AZTech launched its first phase of deployment with the development of a regional traffic management system that coordinates traffic management and incident management activities among traffic, police and emergency services across the Valley of the Sun. In the fall of 1999, AZTech completed its second phase of technology deployment by expanding its regional traffic management and traveler information systems. Valley cities are installing cameras, traffic signs and message signs on key surface street routes to monitor traffic conditions and make drivers aware of conditions ahead. New traveler information providers are developing services through the Internet, in-car devices, pagers and e-mail to provide up-to-theminute traffic information.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Department management is responsible establishing and maintaining internal control designed to help ensure that the assets of the Department are protected from loss, theft, or misuse, and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The internal control is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: 1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and 2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by Department management.

The Department's internal control includes both automated controls, which are an integral component of the financial accounting system, and

comprehensive policies and procedures. In addition, the Department's Office of Audit and Analysis is an independent unit that reviews accounting controls and performs operational audits of the various divisions and units of the Department.

General Government Functions The following two schedules present a summary of All Governmental Fund Types, which includes the Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Funds, and Capital Projects Funds, revenues and expenditures, respectively, for Fiscal Year 2000, and the amount and percent of increases or decreases in relation to the prior year's amounts.

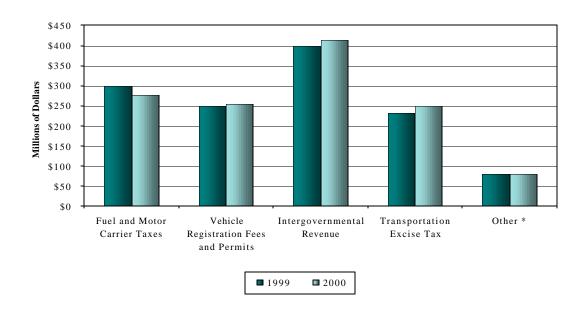
Operating revenues from all governmental funds totaled \$1,272.6 million during the Fiscal Year 2000, an increase of 1.2 percent from the preceding year. The increase in revenues can be attributed to increase in the following major sources: vehicle registration, title, license and related fees, intergovernmental revenues (primarily Federal) and transportation excise taxes. The following is a summary of the Department's governmental fund revenues.

Schedule 1 Summary Statement of Revenues All Governmental Fund Types Fiscal years ended June 30, 2000 and 1999 (Expressed in Millions)

Revenues	2000 mount	Percent of Total	A	1999 Amount	Percent of Total	<d< th=""><th>ncrease ecrease> from ior Year</th><th>Increase <decrease> from Prior Year</decrease></th></d<>	ncrease ecrease> from ior Year	Increase <decrease> from Prior Year</decrease>
Fuel and Motor Carrier Taxes	\$ 276.2	21.7%	\$	298.4	23.7%	\$	<22.2>	<7.4%>
Vehicle Registration, Title,								
License and Related Fees	255.1	20.0%		250.1	19.9%		5.0	2.0%
Intergovernmental Revenue	414.0	32.5%		401.4	31.9%		12.6	3.1%
Transportation Excise Tax	248.6	19.5%		229.5	18.2%		19.1	8.3%
Interest	41.5	3.3%		34.4	2.7%		7.1	20.6%
Other	18.0	1.4%		28.0	2.2%		<10.0>	<35.7%>
Transfers from Other State Funds	 19.2	<u>1.5</u> %		15.8	1.3%		3.4	21.5%
Total Revenues	\$ 1,272.6	100.0%	\$	1,257.6	100.0%	\$	15.0	1.2%

Summary Statement of Revenues

Percent



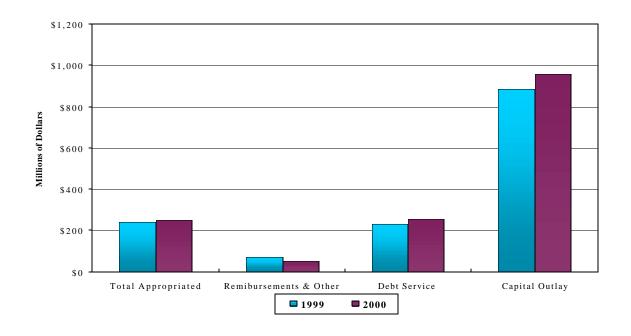
^{*}Other revenues includes interest, transfers from other State funds and other.

Governmental expenditures totaled \$1,509.3 million during Fiscal Year 2000, a \$106.2 million increase from the previous year. The largest increase in expenditures was \$89.9 million for capital outlay. This increase is attributable to the Department's

acceleration of the completion of the freeway program by the year 2007. The total fund balance for governmental funds increased by \$17.4 million or 3.3 percent to \$545.6 million. The following is a summary of Governmental Fund expenditures.

	Summa	Schedule 2 ary Statement of				
		Governmental Fu	•			
		rs ended June 30	* 1	1		
	•	Expressed in Mi				
		. 1	,			Percent
	2000	Percent	1999	Percent	Increase <decrease> from</decrease>	Increase <decrease> from</decrease>
Expenditures	Amount	of Total	Amount	of Total	Prior Year	Prior Year
Appropriated by Legislature (Operating)						
Administration	\$ 47.8	3.2%	\$ 44.7	3.9%	\$ 3.	1 6.9%
Highway	42.3	2.8%	42.0	3.7%	0.	3 0.7%
Highway Maintenance	83.4	5.5%	79.3	6.8%	4.	1 5.2%
Motor Vehicle Division	74.5	4.9%	70.4	5.6%	4.	1 5.8%
Aeronautics Division	1.8	0.1%	2.2	0.9%	<0.	4> <18.2%
Other	0.7	-	1.4	0.1%	<0.	7> <50.0%
Total Appropriated	250.5	16.6%	240.0	21.0%	10.	5
Reimbursements & Other	42.8	2.8%	52.0	5.4%	<9.	2> <17.7%
Debt service	253.8	16.8%	226.9	17.8%	26.	9 11.9%
Capital Outlay	955.4	63.3%	865.5	54.8%	89.	9 10.4%
Not Appropriated by Legislature	6.8	0.5%	18.7	1.0%	<11.	9> <63.6%
Total Expenditures	\$ 1,509.3	100.0%	\$ 1,403.1	100.0%	\$ 106.	2 7.6%

Summary Statement of Expenditures



Budgetary Controls The Department employs a significant number of tools and techniques in its budgetary control process. Arizona Revised Statutes, Title 35, Section 113 outlines the Department's basic budgetary responsibilities. During the 1998 legislative session, the legislature changed the budget process to require a biennial submittal every even-numbered year. The first two-year budget was submitted in 1998 for Fiscal Years 2000 and 2001. During the 1999 session, the Legislature appropriated and the Governor approved \$278 million for the Department's Operating Budget for Fiscal Year 2000 and \$294 million for Fiscal Year 2001. The annual capital improvement plan, which contains proposals for State spending on land acquisition, capital projects, energy systems, energy management systems and building renewal for the building system, was also changed to a two-year budget submitted each even-numbered year.

When the Legislature convenes in "non-budget" years, the Governor may, nonetheless, submit to the Legislature any proposed revisions to the enacted operating budgets for the current and ensuing fiscal years. The revisions must include an estimate of all available monies and revenues and an explanation for any proposed changes.

The Director of the Department is also responsible for developing a Strategic Plan for the Department and for developing a Master List of programs within the Department. The Plan shall extend to the current fiscal year and the two ensuing fiscal years and shall contain a mission statement, goals, objectives and performance measures for the Department as a whole. Each program included on the Master List shall similarly include its mission statement, goals, performance measures that emphasize results and budgetary data for the current and prior fiscal years. The budgetary data shall include funding amounts, regardless of source. As noted above, a Strategic Plan (as well as a Master List) complying with these requirements was completed September 1, 1999.

Budgets are submitted to the Governor in accordance with State law. The appropriations are legally enacted after approval by the Governor and the Legislature. After passage by the Legislature, the appropriation bills are sent to the Governor for approval and signature. Upon receipt of the operating budget appropriations bill, allocations are made to organizational levels within each division, including changes such as for pay adjustments. The result is a

detailed operating budget which guides the divisions and programs in their financial operation.

The Five-Year Highway and Aviation Construction Programs are included in the Capital Improvements Appropriations bill, as a lump-sum budget without identifying individual projects. In the Land, Building and Improvements portion of that bill, each separate building project is often identified for control purposes.

The budgets are prepared on a cash basis except that liabilities (encumbrances) incurred before the end of the fiscal year and paid within the next calendar month are charged against that prior fiscal year's budget. With a few exceptions, such as the capital budgets and highway maintenance, State appropriations typically lapse at year-end.

The Department relies on the Arizona Financial Information System (AFIS) to control total expenditures by appropriation. In addition, the Department utilizes several control features in its internal accounting system (ADVANTAGE) to ensure budgetary compliance and management control. These features include: encumbrance and preencumbrance capabilities, monthly or quarterly allotment controls, appropriation allocation and control capabilities to the expense budget and organization level, and management control reports from the expense budget/organizational unit level, with summary reporting capabilities by program, division, or appropriation.

A legal limitation is adopted for capital outlay including land, building and improvements for the State Highway Fund, Aviation Fund, and Safety Enforcement and Transportation Infrastructure Fund. Any balances and collections in these three funds in excess of the specific amounts appropriated in the General Appropriations Act are appropriated to the Department. The Department monitors expenditures through an internal budgetary process and the five-year construction program approved by the Transportation Board. A legal limitation is not adopted for the other special revenue funds, the debt service funds, capital projects funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

In addition, the Department's Office of Strategic Planning and Budgeting staff perform expenditure projection analyses of all appropriated and nonappropriated funds on a monthly basis. These analyses utilize financial and management reports from both AFIS and ADVANTAGE to project total year-end expenditures by organizational unit and highlight potential problem areas. The Office also reviews progress in meeting the Department's Key Objectives and Performance measurements monthly and makes recommendations for remedial changes as necessary.

<u>Proprietary Operations</u> Proprietary funds are used to account for the Department's on-going organizations and activities that are similar to those often found in the private sector. All assets, liabilities, equities, revenues, expenses, and transfers relating to the Department's business and quasi business activities where net income and capital maintenance are measured - are accounted for through proprietary funds. The measurement focus is on determination of net income, financial position, and cash flows.

An enterprise fund is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises — where the intent of the Department is that the costs (including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed from sales or other revenues. The only enterprise fund of the Department is the Arizona Highways Magazine Fund.

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies, or to other governments, on a costreimbursement basis. Internal service funds of the Department include the Equipment Revolving Fund and the Warehouse Revolving Fund.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the Department in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds.

Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The agency funds of the Department include the Local Agency Deposits Fund, Motor Vehicle Division Clearing Fund, Highway User Revenue Fund, Underground Storage Tank Fund, Highway Property Rentals - 24 Percent Fund, and Economic Strength Project.

The Arizona State Retirement System Board administers the Arizona State Retirement Plan (Plan), a cost sharing multi-employer public employee retirement system, for the benefit of Arizona employees and employees of certain other governmental entities. Plan provisions, including death, disability, and retirement benefits, are established by State statute. Substantially all employees of the Department are covered by the Plan. The Department's total payroll for Fiscal Year 2000 was \$148 million. The Plan is funded through payroll deductions from employees' gross earnings and amounts contributed by the Department. Retirement benefits are obligations of the Plan and not of the Department. The Arizona Revised Statutes provide statutory authority for employee and employer contributions. The employee and employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2000, was actuarially computed to be 2.66 percent of covered payroll by an actuarial valuation performed at June 30, 1998. The contribution requirement for Fiscal Year 2000 was \$3.9 million by both the employees and the Department.

Debt Administration As of June 30, 2000, the Department had \$1.35 billion in outstanding bonds payable. This total included \$274.8 million in Highway Revenue Bonds "HURF bonds" secured by a first lien pledge against the Department's share of highway user revenues and \$333.9 million in subordinated bonds. In addition, the Department has \$350.1 million in Transportation Excise Tax Bonds "RARF bonds" outstanding, which are secured by a first lien pledge against the sales tax revenues flowing into the Maricopa Regional Area Road Fund, and \$393.4 million in subordinate Transportation Excise Tax Bonds secured by a second-lien pledge against those revenues flowing into the Maricopa Regional Area Road Fund.

The bonds have been sold in 18 separate issues between 1986 and 1999. All bonds issued as of June 30, 2000, are scheduled to mature not later than July 1, 2019. The bonds are obligations of the Transportation Board and are not obligations of the State of Arizona.

Of the \$3.32 billion total in bonds issued between 1986 and 1999, \$1.12 billion, or approximately 34 percent, have been refunding issues to lower debt service costs. These efforts have resulted in cumulative savings of \$57 million in current dollars and \$39 million on a present value basis.

The senior lien HURF bonds have been rated AAA/Aa1 by Standard & Poor's Ratings Services (S&P) and Moody's Investors Service, respectively. The Department's subordinate lien HURF Bonds are rated AA/Aa2. The RARF senior lien bonds are rated AA/Aa2, while the RARF subordinate bonds are rated A/Aa3.

<u>Cash Management</u> During Fiscal Year 2000, the Department earned over \$39 million in interest from its investment program. The interest was earned from investing on average 99.8 percent of the Department's \$675 million average cash balance during the year. An average yield of 5.7 percent was received on the Department's investments during Fiscal Year 2000.

The Cash Management Unit has responsibility for the Department's investment program in cooperation with the State Treasurer's Office. The Cash Management Unit processes investment transactions through the State Treasurer's Office by informing the Treasurer of the amount available to invest and the desired maturity date. The State Treasurer is responsible for purchasing and selling investment securities in the market and administering the collateral for the Department's investments. The Department prepares cash flow forecasts, develops cash strategies, forecasts interest rates and market conditions, and conducts cash management studies to improve collection, deposit, disbursement, and fund transfer procedures.

It is the policy of the Department, in cooperation with the State Treasurer's Office, to invest public funds for maximum return, while maintaining the safety of investment principal and adequate liquidity to meet cash flow requirements in conformity with State statutes governing investment of the Department's funds. This investment policy applies to all financial assets administered by the Department under statutory authority.

The investment program has grown from a total of six funds in 1980 to 30 funds currently invested. The system has been computerized and several daily and monthly monitoring reports have been developed. An annual Investment Planning and Monitoring Report has been developed, including annual objectives and strategies for key performance areas. The emphasis of the Investment Program has focused on maintaining 99.5 percent of cash invested and maximizing the investment yield.

Risk Management The Department continues to place emphasis in the area of risk management in order to

control exposure and losses. The Office of Risk Management is responsible for the coordination of all activities necessary within the Department, and, in conjunction with the State's Risk Management Division and Attorney General's Office, to investigate and defend the Department from all losses arising from tort liability claims.

The State has a self-insured retention workers' compensation program. The Department's Safety Office has increased its emphasis on training, accident investigation, and the handling of hazardous materials to minimize exposure and injury to employees.

The Department has first dollar replacement value on real property coverage for all losses exceeding \$100.

OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit Arizona Revised Statutes, Title 41-1279.03, requires the State Auditor General to "conduct or cause to be conducted at least biennial financial and compliance audits of financial transactions and accounts kept by or for all state agencies subject to the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 (P.L. 104-156). The audits shall be conducted in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and *Government Auditing Standards* and, accordingly, shall include tests of the accounting records and other auditing procedures as may be considered necessary in the circumstances. The audits shall include the issuance of suitable reports required by the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 (P.L. 98-502)."

In fulfillment of this requirement, the Department contracts with an independent public accounting firm to perform an annual audit of the Department and submit a "comprehensive financial report of all funds for the preceding year including a report by the independent public accounting firm attesting that the financial statements present fairly the financial position of the Department in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles." Independent audits have been conducted on an annual basis since the Department's formation in 1974.

For Fiscal Year 2000, the accounting firm of Ernst & Young LLP conducted the Department's financial audit and Single Audit as required by the Arizona Revised Statutes. Title 41-1279.03.

Ernst & Young LLP considered internal control in order to determine auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the general purpose financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control. The consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. However, Ernst & Young LLP noted no matters involving internal control and its operation that they consider to be material weaknesses.

Single Audit The Department is required to undergo an annual Single Audit in accordance with the provisions of the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, "Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations." The Department's Single Audit information is included in the Single Audit of the State for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2000.

A requirement of the Single Audit is to ensure that adequate internal control is in place and that the Department is in compliance with applicable Federal laws and regulations. The internal control has been reviewed by the United States Department of Transportation's (U.S. DOT) Inspector General on several occasions in the past. The U.S. DOT auditors typically rely on the Department's internal audit staff in determining the scope of their review. These reviews are in addition to the comprehensive review of the Department's internal control previously mentioned.

Sincerely,

Mary E. Peters, Director Arizona Department of Transportation

The Government Finance Officers Awards Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Arizona Department of Transportation for its comprehensive annual financial report for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 1999. This was the tenth consecutive year that the Department has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted principles applicable accounting and legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgments We wish to express our sincere appreciation to the many individuals whose dedicated efforts have made this report possible. A special note of thanks is extended to the staff of Fiscal Operations and Resource Management whose commitment, professionalism, and dedicated efforts contributed to the timely preparation of the Fiscal Year 2000 comprehensive annual financial report.

John E. McGee, Chief Financial Officer Financial Management Services

Arizona Department of Transportation List of Principal Officials

Mary E. Peters

Director

Victor M. Mendez

Deputy Director

John A. Bogert

Chief of Staff

Edward D. Wright

State Engineer

Intermodal Transportation Division

Stacey K. Stanton

Assistant Director

Motor Vehicle Division

Mary Lynn Tischer, PhD

Assistant Director

Transportation Planning Division

Gary Adams

Assistant Director

Aeronautics Division

John E. McGee

Chief Financial Officer

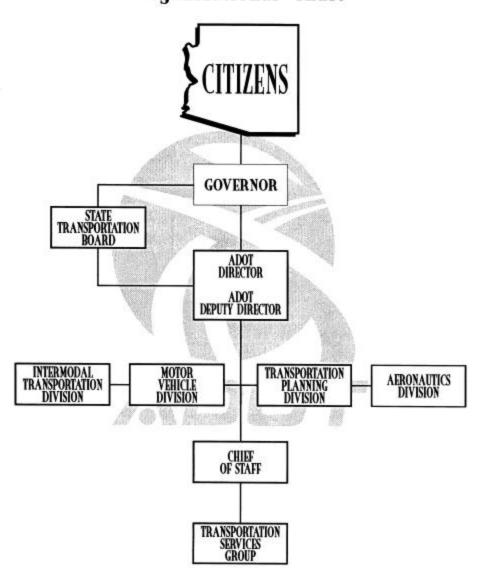
Arizona State Transportation Board

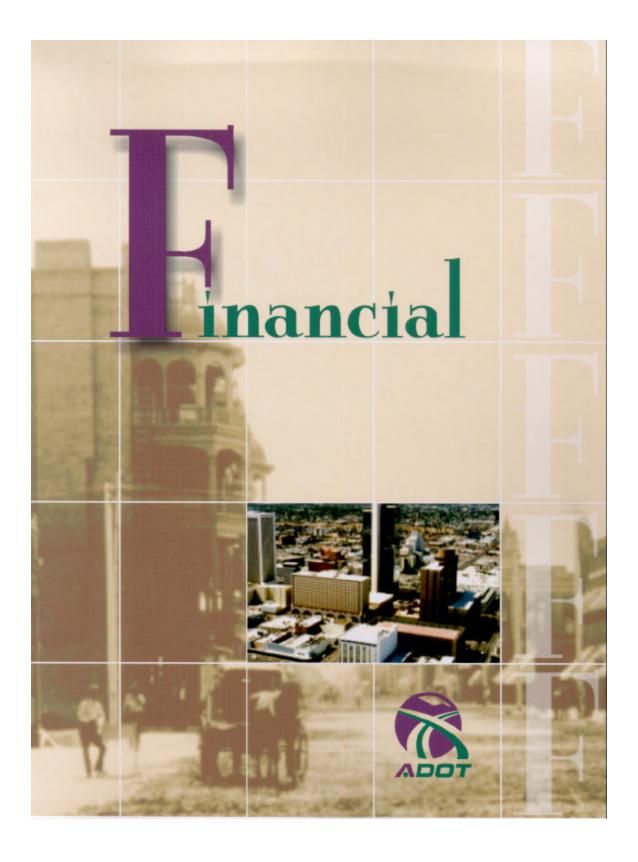
Jerry C. Williams, Chairperson	District Three
F. Rockne Arnett, Vice Chairperson	District One
Katie Dusenberry	District Two
Ingo Radicke	District Four
Bill Jeffers	District Five
Richard Hileman	District Six
Dallas Gant	District One



Dallas Gant District One

State of Arizona-Department of Transportation Organizational Chart





www.ev.com

Report of Independent Auditors

Suite 2300 Phoenix, Arizona 85004

Transportation Board of the State of Arizona Arizona Department of Transportation

We have audited the accompanying general purpose financial statements of the Arizona Department of Transportation (Department), a department of the state of Arizona, as listed in the table of contents, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2000. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the Department's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the general purpose financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall general purpose financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 1, the general purpose financial statements of the Department are intended to present the financial position and results of operations and the cash flows of its proprietary fund types of only that portion of the funds and account groups of the state of Arizona that is attributable to the transactions of the Department.

In our opinion, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Arizona Department of Transportation, as of June 30, 2000, and the results of its operations and the cash flows of its proprietary fund types for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole. The combining and individual fund and account group financial statements and schedules listed in the financial section of the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the general purpose financial statements of the Department. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

Ernst + Young LLP

October 13, 2000

Arizona Department of Transportation Combined Balance Sheet - All Fund Types and Account Groups June 30, 2000 (With comparative totals at June 30, 1999)

		Proprietary Fund Type				
		Special Revenue	 Debt Service	 Capital Projects]	Enterprise
Assets and other debits						
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents on deposit with the						
State Treasurer	\$	475,362,370	\$ 17,061,567	\$ 50,410,037	\$	3,308,989
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):						
Subscriptions		-	-	-		358,776
Notes and loans (Note 5)		71,475,088	-	-		-
Accrued interest		5,411,832	2,283,842	559,451		28,205
Taxes and fees		-	-	-		, -
Other		11,765,465	_	_		53,435
Due from U.S. Government for reimbursable		, ,				ŕ
construction costs		36,544,410	-	-		-
Due from other Arizona Department of		, ,				
Transportation funds (Note 6)		93,371,232	-	-		-
Due from Arizona counties, cities and other state		, ,				
agencies		21,308,563	-	-		-
Inventories		3,961,476	-	-		2,786,130
Prepaid items		-	-	-		668,778
Advances to other Arizona Department of						ŕ
Transportation funds (Note 6)		20,000,000	_	_		_
Fixed assets - net of accumulated		, ,				
depreciation (Note 7)		-	-	-		2,065,088
Other debits:						
Amount available in debt service funds for						
retirement of general long-term debt		-	-	-		-
Amount to be provided for retirement of general						
long-term debt			 	 		
Total assets and other debits	\$	739,200,436	\$ 19,345,409	\$ 50,969,488	\$	9,269,401

	oprietary und Type		Fiduciary Fund Types		Accour	nt Gr	ouns		To (Memora)	otals ndum	Only)
	Internal Service	Agency		G	eneral Fixed Assets		General Long-Term Debt		2000		1999
th	5 000 700	¢.	00 724 200	ф		ф		¢.	C40.070.002	ф	550 220 47
\$	5,092,780	\$	89,734,280	\$	-	\$	-	\$	640,970,023	\$	550,320,476
	_		_		_		_		358,776		463,554
	-		-		-		-		71,475,088		19,872,561
	34,825		426,241		-		-		8,744,396		6,803,352
	-		149,085,188		-		-		149,085,188		165,884,710
	256,936		481,996		-		-		12,557,832		10,264,242
	-		3,072,925		-		-		39,617,335		45,975,805
	68,116		36,160,854		-		-		129,600,202		159,781,268
	-		108,184		-		-		21,416,747		19,907,131
	2,334,406		-		-		-		9,082,012		9,157,424
	-		-		-		-		668,778		606,293
	-		-		-		-		20,000,000		
	45,686,282		-		194,956,023		-		242,707,393		229,252,802
	-		-		-		19,345,409		19,345,409		34,736,737
	<u>-</u>						1,328,453,809		1,328,453,809		1,231,428,357
\$	53,473,345	\$	279,069,668	\$	194,956,023	\$	1,347,799,218	\$	2,694,082,988	\$	2,484,454,710

(Continued)

Arizona Department of Transportation Combined Balance Sheet - All Fund Types and Account Groups June 30, 2000 (With comparative totals at June 30, 1999)

		Go		roprietary und Type				
		Special Revenue		Debt Service		Capital Projects	E	Enterprise
Liabilities, equity and other credits								
Liabilities:								
Construction contracts payable	\$	40,246,394	\$	_	\$	113,965	\$	-
Accounts payable		28,432,643		_		1,020,788		163,656
Accrued payroll and other accrued								
expenditures/expenses		5,723,563		_		-		181,267
Due to other Arizona Department of		, ,						,
Transportation funds (Note 6)		4,230,093		_		1,841,782		_
Due to Department of Public Safety		-		-		-		-
Due to Arizona counties, cities and other state								
agencies		101,995,724		_		_		_
Deferred revenue		-		_		_		4,484,216
Surety and rental deposits		_		_		_		-,,210
Federal arbitrage rebate		1,512,260		_		_		_
Advances from other Arizona Department of		,- ,						
Transportation funds (Note 6)		20,000,000		_		_		_
Notes and interest payable (Notes 1 and 9)		58,832,686		_		_		_
Bonds payable (Note 9)		-		_		_		_
Contracts and capital leases payable (Note 9)		_		_		_		_
Long-term accrued vacation leave (Notes 1 and 9)		_		_		_		_
Total liabilities	-	260,973,363				2,976,535		4,829,139
		200,770,000		-		2,7 / 0,000		.,025,105
Equity and other credits:								
State Highway Fund contribution		-		-		-		1,538,698
Investment in general fixed assets		-		-		-		-
Retained earnings:								
Reserved for replacement of equipment		-		-		-		-
Unreserved		-		-		-		2,901,564
Fund balances:								
Reserved for:								
Highway construction		244,961,822		19,345,409		47,992,953		-
Inventories		3,961,476		-		-		-
Loans and other financial assistance		55,508,591		-		-		-
Unreserved, undesignated		173,795,184						
Total equity and other credits		478,227,073		19,345,409	_	47,992,953		4,440,262
m 4 12 1222 24 1 d 22	ф	5 20.200.427	ф	10 245 400	ф	50.070.400	ф	0.260.404
Total liabilities, equity and other credits	\$	739,200,436	\$	19,345,409	\$	50,969,488	\$	9,269,401

Proprietary Fund Type	Proprietary Fiduciary Fund Type Fund Types Acco				otals andum Only)
Internal Service			General Long-Term Debt	2000	1999
\$ -	\$ - 8,245,055	\$ - -	\$ -	\$ 40,360,359 37,862,142	\$ 74,595,290 30,587,378
727,092	-	-	-	6,631,922	9,676,170
-	123,528,327 2,685,000	- -	-	129,600,202 2,685,000	159,781,268 1,692,500
- - -	142,554,569 - 2,056,717	- - -	- - - -	244,550,293 4,484,216 2,056,717 1,512,260	157,678,379 4,257,611 2,109,581 1,356,397
9,530,079	- - - -	- - - -	1,337,108,423 2,065,773 8,625,022	20,000,000 68,362,765 1,337,108,423 2,065,773 8,625,022	7,785,561 1,257,491,710 443,175 8,230,209
10,257,171	279,069,668		1,347,799,218	1,905,905,094	1,715,685,229
5,793,237 - 9,985,210 27,437,727	- - -	194,956,023	- - - -	7,331,935 194,956,023 9,985,210 30,339,291	7,645,338 191,511,390 9,985,210 30,981,361
43,216,174	- - -	194,956,023	- - - -	312,300,184 3,961,476 55,508,591 173,795,184 788,177,894	266,455,523 3,781,392 46,316,591 212,092,676 768,769,481
\$ 53,473,345	\$ 279,069,668	\$ 194,956,023	\$ 1,347,799,218	\$ 2,694,082,988	\$ 2,484,454,710

Arizona Department of Transportation Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Governmental Fund Types For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000 (With comparative totals for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999)

	Go	vernmental Fund Typ	Totals (Memorandum Only)		
	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	2000	1999
Revenues:					
Transportation excise tax	\$ 248,595,990	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 248,595,990	\$ 229,470,201
Vehicle registration, title, license and related fees	255,087,892	-	-	255,087,892	250,120,838
Fuel and motor carrier taxes and fees	276,188,840	-	-	276,188,840	298,393,657
Reimbursements of construction expenditures -					
Federal aid	372,411,938	-	-	372,411,938	354,209,698
Other Federal grants and reimbursements	41,602,960	-	-	41,602,960	47,254,925
State match	396,600	-	-	396,600	24,794
Reimbursements from Arizona counties, cities and	18,608,709			18,608,709	14,879,540
other state agencies State appropriations	179,690	-	-	179,690	868,443
Interest on loans receivable	1,591,725		_	1,591,725	28,798
Interest	24,715,652	8,592,130	6,634,413	39,942,195	34,363,516
Other	18,011,517	0,372,130	60	18,011,577	27,985,390
Total revenues	1,257,391,513	8,592,130	6,634,473	1,272,618,116	1,257,599,800
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Transportation - appropriated by State legislature	250,508,766	-	-	250,508,766	240,049,735
Transportation - not appropriated by State legislature Capital outlay:	6,820,619	-	-	6,820,619	9,847,965
Highway construction	772,989,156	-	168,924,342	941,913,498	862,546,466
Land, buildings and improvements -			, ,	, ,	, ,
appropriated by State legislature	10,956,144	-	-	10,956,144	11,488,854
Contracts and capital leases payable	2,577,187	-	-	2,577,187	282,248
Arizona Department of Public Safety distributions -					
appropriated by State legislature	12,500,000	-	-	12,500,000	12,500,000
Year 2000 computer projects	-	-	-	-	6,527,900
Debt service:					
Principal	-	175,075,000	-	175,075,000	150,570,000
Interest	-	76,603,575	-	76,603,575	74,341,597
Bond issuance cost	-	308,200	-	308,200	659,778
Federal arbitrage rebate	155,863	-	-	155,863	1,356,397
Distributions to Arizona counties, cities and other	20.070.061			20.050.041	22.054.200
state agencies	30,070,861	-	-	30,070,861	32,854,388
Interest on loan payable	1,679,790	172 924	-	1,679,790	116 215
Other	1,000,050,006	172,834	- 150,004,040	172,834	116,215
Total expenditures	1,088,258,386	252,159,609	168,924,342	1,509,342,337	1,403,141,543
Excess <deficiency> of revenues over <under> expenditures</under></deficiency>	169,133,127	<243,567,479>	<162,289,869>	<236,724,221>	<145,541,743>
Other financing sources <uses>:</uses>					
Proceeds from sale of bonds	-	-	250,499,349	250,499,349	152,572,363
Proceeds from refunding bonds	-	26,172,174	-	26,172,174	28,825,844
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-	<25,115,000>	-	<25,115,000>	<27,390,000>
Proceeds from contracts and capital leases payable	2,577,187	-	-	2,577,187	282,248
Operating transfers in	67,507,352	227,118,977	-	294,626,329	270,272,566
Operating transfers out:	227 110 077			227 110 077	22 (501 001
Debt service	<227,118,977>	-	-40 506 105	<227,118,977>	
Other	<19,001,167>		<48,506,185>		<43,742,764>
Total other financing sources <uses></uses>	<176,035,605>	228,176,151	201,993,164	254,133,710	154,319,176
Excess <deficiency> of revenues and other financing sources over <under> expenditures and other financing uses</under></deficiency>	<6,902,478>	<15,391,328>	39,703,295	17,409,489	8,777,433
Fund balances, July 1	485,879,551	34,736,737	8,289,658	528,905,946	520,128,513
Residual equity transfer out	<750,000>	-	-	<750,000>	-
Fund balances, June 30		-	\$ 47,992,953		\$ 528,905,946

Arizona Department of Transportation Combined Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) Budgeted Special Revenue Funds For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000

			Speci	al Revenue Funds	S	
		Budget	•	Actual Non-GAAP		Variance - Favorable Infavorable>
Revenues:	'					
Vehicle registration, title, license and related fees	\$	251,653,200	\$	255,486,184	\$	3,832,984
Fuel and motor carrier taxes and fees		282,814,300		288,412,244		5,597,944
Interest		1,612,000		1,771,690		159,690
Flight property tax		8,188,000		6,709,385		<1,478,615>
Grand Canyon Airport		84,000		341,110		257,110
Other		32,000		62,434		30,434
Total revenues		544,383,500		552,783,047		8,399,547
Expenditures appropriated by State						
legislature in 2000 budget:						
Transportation:						
Administration		47,628,800		47,029,711		599,089
Highway		42,745,800		42,376,704		369,096
Highway Maintenance		85,213,978		82,627,322		2,586,656
Motor Vehicle Division		71,784,153		71,205,181		578,972
Aeronautics Division		1,293,200		1,108,867		184,333
Air Quality Program		45,200		45,200		-
General Fund Program		97,582		94,070		3,512
Total transportation		248,808,713		244,487,055		4,321,658
Capital outlay - land, buildings and improvements:						
Highway		14,141,246		10,956,144		3,185,102
Arizona Department of Public Safety						
transfers		12,500,000		12,500,000		-
Expenditures appropriated by State						
legislature by carryover of previous						
years' unexpended budgets		1,055,409		505,991		549,418
Total expenditures		276,505,368		268,449,190		8,056,178
Excess of revenues over expenditures	\$	267,878,132	\$	284,333,857	\$	16,455,725

Arizona Department of Transportation Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Retained Earnings All Proprietary Fund Types For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000

(With comparative totals for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999)

			Tota	als
	Proprietary	Fund Types	(Memorand	lum Only)
	Enterprise	Internal Service	2000	1999
Operating revenues:				
Equipment rentals	\$ -	\$ 26,104,085	\$ 26,104,085	\$ 24,289,009
Equipment sales	-	504,746	504,746	165,711
Magazine sales	6,223,932	-	6,223,932	6,039,340
Sales of related products	4,489,024	-	4,489,024	4,269,466
Other	475,953	3,624,687	4,100,640	4,002,742
Total operating revenues	11,188,909	30,233,518	41,422,427	38,766,268
Operating expenses:				
Equipment operations	-	22,548,005	22,548,005	20,469,378
Cost of sales	10,177,574	-	10,177,574	10,133,092
General and administrative	1,253,531	-	1,253,531	1,225,226
Depreciation	366,702	8,099,211	8,465,913	7,022,003
Total operating expenses	11,797,807	30,647,216	42,445,023	38,849,699
Operating <loss></loss>	<608,898>	<413,698>	<1,022,596>	<83,431>
Non-operating revenues <expenses>:</expenses>				
Interest	172,456	223,384	395,840	382,502
Loss on sale/disposal of				
fixed assets	<68,953>	_	<68,953>	<373,735>
Total non-operating revenues	103,503	223,384	326,887	8,767
<loss> before Legislative transfer</loss>	<505,395>	<190,314>	<695,709>	<74,664>
Legislative transfer out				<500,000>
Net <loss></loss>	<505,395>	<190,314>	<695,709>	<574,664>
Retained earnings, July 1	3,406,959	37,613,251	41,020,210	41,594,874
Retained earnings, June 30	\$ 2,901,564	\$ 37,422,937	\$ 40,324,501	\$ 41,020,210

Arizona Department of Transportation Combined Statement of Cash Flows All Proprietary Fund Types For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000

(With comparative totals for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999)

	Proprietary Fund Types		Totals (Memorandum Only)	
	Enterprise	Internal Service	2000	1999
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Operating <loss></loss>	\$ <608,898>	\$ <413,698>	\$ <1,022,596>	\$ <83,431>
Adjustments to reconcile operating	4,.,	+,	,,. <u></u> ,	,,
<pre><loss> to net cash provided by</loss></pre>				
<used for=""> operating activities:</used>				
Depreciation	366,702	8,099,211	8,465,913	7,022,003
Changes in assets and liabilities:	,	, ,	, ,	, ,
Due from other Arizona Department				
of Transportation funds	-	1,707,231	1,707,231	187,662
Due from other state agencies	-	20,254	20,254	93,910
Other receivables	174,862	<169,433>	5,429	48,849
Inventories	29,064	226,432	255,496	<235,069>
Prepaid expenses	<62,487>		<62,487>	<285,063>
Accounts payable	<82,585>	<557,157>	<639,742>	<155,177>
Accrued payroll and other accrued	,	,	,	,
expenses	<56,578>	<181,804>	<238,382>	83,459
Due to other Arizona Department of				
Transportation funds	<1,808>	-	<1,808>	<503>
Deferred revenue	226,605	-	226,605	<109,266>
Net cash provided by <used for=""></used>				
operating activities	<15,123>	8,731,036	8,715,913	6,567,374
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:				
Acquisition of fixed assets	<80,349>		<10,050,449>	<5,750,167>
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	-	1,035,668	1,035,668	448,628
Reduction of contributed capital	-	-	-	<500,000>
Legislative transfer out				<500,000>
Net cash used for capital and				
related financing activities	<80,349>	<8,934,432>	<9,014,781>	<6,301,539>
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Interest	182,909	230,384	413,293	444,432
Net cash provided by investing activities	182,909	230,384	413,293	444,432
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	87,437	26,988	114,425	710,267
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1	3,221,552	5,065,792	8,287,344	7,577,077
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$ 3,308,989	\$ 5,092,780	\$ 8,401,769	\$ 8,287,344

Arizona Department of Transportation Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2000

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting entity

The Arizona Department of Transportation (Department) is a department of the State of Arizona and is not legally separate. The Department has no component units. The Director of the Department serves as the Chief Administrative Officer and is directly responsible to the Governor. The Governor appoints a seven-member Transportation Board of the State of Arizona Department of Transportation (Transportation Board) which has responsibility for establishing a complete system of State highway routes and distributing monies for local airport facilities' projects through a grant program.

The Department is responsible for the construction and maintenance of all State highways. The Department cooperates with the various cities and counties within the State in the construction and maintenance of State roads and with the Federal Highway Administration in the construction and maintenance of interstate highways. Assistance in the development of local airports, registering motor vehicles and aircraft, licensing drivers and the publishing of the *Arizona Highways Magazine* are also responsibilities of the Department.

The Financial Services Division of the Arizona Department of Administration controls expenditures and adherence to annual budgets. The State Treasurer invests the cash balances of the Department.

The general purpose financial statements of the Department have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The more significant of the Department's accounting policies are described below.

Fund accounting

The accounts of the Department are organized on the basis of funds and account groups, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds of the Department are grouped, in the financial statements, into six fund types and two account groups within four categories as follows:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of the Department's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities, except those accounted for in proprietary funds, are accounted for through governmental funds (special revenue, debt service, and capital projects). All governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus.

Governmental funds are, in essence, accounting segregations of financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used; current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they are to be paid; and the difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities, the fund equity, is referred to as "Fund Balance."

Arizona Department of Transportation Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2000

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds, excluding the State Highway Fund, are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The State Highway Fund is used to account for all financial transactions applicable to the general operations of the Department, including road and bridge repairs, maintenance and construction, planning and development, engineering, and administration. Revenues are received from the following primary sources: fuel and motor carrier taxes and fees; vehicle registration, title, licenses and related fees; and Federal grants. Other special revenue funds of the Department include the State Aviation Fund, Safety Enforcement and Transportation Infrastructure Fund, Highway Expansion and Extension Loan Program Fund, Maricopa Regional Area Road Construction Fund, Motor Carrier Safety Revolving Fund, Motor Vehicle Liability Insurance Enforcement Fund, and Vehicle Inspection and Title Enforcement Fund.

Debt Service Funds - Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs. Debt service funds include the Highway Revenue Bond Principal Redemption and Interest Fund which accounts for the State of Arizona highway improvement bonds and revenue bonds, and the Maricopa Regional Area Road Bond Fund which accounts for the State of Arizona transportation excise tax revenue bonds.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> – The capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds). The capital projects funds of the Department are the

Highway Revenue Bond Proceeds Fund, which accounts for transactions related to the issuance and use of the proceeds from Arizona Transportation Board Highway Revenue Bonds, and the Maricopa Regional Area Road Bond Proceeds Fund, which accounts for the issuance and use of the proceeds from the State of Arizona Transportation Excise Tax Revenue Bonds.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the Department's on-going organizations and activities that are similar to those often found in the private sector. All assets, liabilities, equities, revenues, expenses, and transfers relating to the Department's business and quasi-business activities, where net income and capital maintenance are measured, are accounted for through proprietary funds. The measurement focus is on determination of net income, financial position and cash flows.

Enterprise Fund - An enterprise fund is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the Department is that the costs (including depreciation) of providing goods and/or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed from sales or other revenues. The only enterprise fund of the Department is the Arizona Highways Magazine Fund. The fund publishes a monthly magazine, *Arizona Highways Magazine*, as well as a number of books and sells several related products.

<u>Internal Service Fund</u> – An internal service fund is used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the Department, or to other governments, on a cost-

Arizona Department of Transportation Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2000

reimbursement basis. The internal service fund of the Department is the Equipment Fund.

Arizona Department of Transportation Notes to Financial Statements (Continued) June 30, 2000

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the Department in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds.

Agency Funds

Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The agency funds of the Department include the Local Agency Deposits Fund, Motor Vehicle Division Clearing Fund, Highway User Revenue Fund, Underground Storage Tank Fund, Highway Property Rentals 24 Percent Fund, and Economic Strength Project Fund.

ACCOUNT GROUPS

Account groups are used to establish accounting control and accountability for the Department's general fixed assets and unmatured principal of its general long-term debt.

General Fixed Assets - Fixed assets used in governmental fund type operations are accounted for in the General Fixed Assets Account Group rather than in governmental funds.

<u>General Long-Term Debt</u> - Long-term liabilities expected to be financed from governmental funds are accounted for in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group.

Basis of accounting

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for all governmental fund types, expendable trust funds and agency funds. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on general long-term debt are recorded as fund liabilities when due. Reimbursements of construction expenditures, due primarily from the Federal government on a percentage of costs incurred basis, are recognized when the related obligation is incurred.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are Federal grants, reimbursable county, city and other state agency construction costs incurred by the Department. Federal grant monies are received after the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. As a result, the Federal share of all qualifying goods or services received or performed prior to year end has been accrued.

All proprietary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis, revenues are recorded when they are earned and expenses are recorded when incurred.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Budgets and budgetary accounting

Biennial budgets for the operating expenditures and capital outlay including land, building and improvements for the State Highway Fund, Aviation Fund, Safety Enforcement and Transportation Infrastructure Fund, Air Quality and General Fund are submitted to the Governor in accordance with State law. The budgets are legally enacted as appropriations after approval by the Legislature and signature by the Governor. The legal level of control is at the program level and expenditure budgets are appropriated using a lump sum format with special line items. Expenditure details for personal services, employee related expenditures and all other operating expenditures are specifically budgeted within most divisions. In certain divisions, other specific programs are budgeted in addition to these categories. Revenue budgets are developed internally by the Department and are not a part of the appropriation process

Amendments to the approved appropriations require Legislative approval. However, since the Agency's appropriation is a lump sum appropriation by program, the allocation of funds between personal services, employee-related expenses, and other operating expenses is an internal decision for the program manager. Accordingly, transfers between line items such as personal services and other operating expenses within a particular program may be done by the program manager. Transfers of funds between programs require the approval of the Joint Legislative Budget Committee. Absent an amendment to the Agency's appropriated amount by the full legislature, expenditures may not exceed appropriations.

All transfers of funds are reported to the Department's Office of Strategic Planning and Budgeting for monitoring purposes.

Budgets are prepared on the cash basis except that liabilities incurred before the end of the fiscal year and paid within the next calendar month are charged against the prior fiscal year's budget. Most State appropriations lapse at year end.

For financial reporting purposes, the accompanying financial statements present the legally adopted budget for those operations subject to legislative appropriation.

A legal limitation is adopted for capital outlay including land, building and improvements for the State Highway Fund, Aviation Fund, and Safety Enforcement and Transportation Infrastructure Fund. Any balances and collections in these three funds in excess of the specific amounts appropriated in the general appropriations act are appropriated to the Department. The Department monitors expenditures through an internal budgetary process and the five-year construction program approved by the Transportation Board. A legal limitation is not adopted for the other special revenue funds, the debt service funds, capital projects funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Encumbrance accounting

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable fund balance, is used by the Department as a budgetary control mechanism However, outstanding encumbrances lapse at yearend. Accordingly, no reserve for encumbrances is reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Application of FASB pronouncements to proprietary activities

The Department has elected, in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 20, not to apply Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements and Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989.

Cash and cash equivalents

The Department's cash and cash equivalents balance is on deposit with the State Treasurer for pooled investment purposes and is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form in the Department's name. All investments are carried in the name of the State of Arizona. State statutes require the State Treasurer to invest these pooled funds in collateralized time certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements or obligations of the U.S. Government. All investments are carried at cost, which approximates fair value.

State statutes require the State Treasurer to maintain separate investment accounts for the portions of the highway bond proceeds fund relating to the highway revenue bond issues and the Maricopa Regional Area Road Bond Fund relating to the transportation excise tax revenue bond issues. These funds may be invested by the Treasurer in the State's investment pool.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash equivalents are defined as short-term, highly liquid investments (investments with original maturities of three months or less).

The Department's investments are included in the State investment pool and these investments are not shown in the Department's name. Therefore, the Department presents its equity in the internal pool as required in GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and

Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools.

Inventories

The State Highway Fund inventory is valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. This inventory is accounted for using the consumption method. Under this method, inventories are recorded as expenditures as they are used.

Proprietary fund inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market. Cost of enterprise fund inventories consisting of resale products and supplies are generally determined by moving average cost and specific identification methods, respectively. Costs of internal service funds' inventories (consisting of vehicle parts and supplies, fuels and lubricants, and other supplies) are determined by moving average cost methods.

Fixed assets

General fixed assets purchased are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized at cost in the General Fixed Assets Account Group. Land is recorded primarily at cost. If cost is not determinable based on previously acquired property, estimated cost is used. Other general fixed assets are stated at either actual or estimated costs. Contributed fixed assets are recorded in the General Fixed Assets Account Group at estimated fair value on the date received. Public domain (infrastructure) general fixed assets consisting of roads and bridges are not capitalized, as these assets are immovable and of value only to the government. No depreciation is provided on general fixed assets.

Property and equipment of the proprietary funds are stated at cost, or estimated historical cost if original cost is not available; and, if donated, are stated at estimated fair value on the date received. Depreciation

is provided using the straight-line method based on estimated useful life as follows:

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Buildings	40 years
Buildings improvements	20 years
Furniture and fixtures	5 years
Mobile equipment	3-15 years
Shop tool, office and computer	
equipment and software	5 years

The cost of additions, improvements, and renewals which substantially extend the useful life of a particular asset are capitalized in the property accounts. Repairs and maintenance expenditures are charged to operations as incurred. The cost and related accumulated depreciation of assets sold or otherwise disposed of are eliminated from the property accounts and any resultant gain or loss is recognized as revenue or loss.

Bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs

Premiums or discounts on bond issuances are netted against the bond proceeds in the capital projects fund. The bonds are recorded at their face value in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group, except in the case of Capital Appreciation bonds. These bonds are initially recorded net of their discount. The discount is amortized over the life of the issue using the effective interest method. All costs related to bond issuance are recorded as debt service expenditures in the appropriate fund as incurred.

Deferred revenue

Deferred revenue relates to unearned subscription income associated with the enterprise fund. Unearned subscription income is recorded when subscription orders are received and is amortized into income over the terms of the related subscriptions. Costs associated with the procurement of subscriptions are expensed in the year incurred.

Long-term obligations

Long-term debt is recognized as a liability of a governmental fund when due. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a liability of a governmental fund. The remaining portion of such obligations is reported in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group.

Compensated absences

Effective July 1, 1998, State employees are eligible to receive payment for an accumulated sick leave balance of 500 hours or more with a maximum of 1,500 hours, upon retirement directly from State service. The benefit value is calculated by taking the State hourly rate of pay at the retirement date, multiplied by the number of sick hours at the retirement date times the eligibility percentage. The eligibility percentage varies based upon the number of accumulated sick hours from 25 percent for 500 hours to a maximum of 50 percent for 1,500 hours. The maximum benefit value is \$30,000. The benefit is paid out in annual installments over three years. The Retiree Accumulated Sick Leave Fund is accounted for on the State's financial statements as an Expendable Trust Fund. As of June 30, 2000, employees had accumulated \$27,506,438 of nonvested unpaid sick leave.

Employees are allowed to accumulate up to 240 hours of vacation leave (320 hours for exempt employees) which is paid when vacation is taken or upon termination of employment at the individual's current rate of pay. An accrual for vacation leave has been made and the current portion is included under the caption "Accrued payroll and other accrued expenditures/expenses." For governmental funds, the portion of the vacation normally taken in the first

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

sixty days of the next fiscal year is recorded as a current liability. The amount of long-term accrued vested vacation leave recorded in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group represents that portion which is not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. For proprietary funds, all of the outstanding vacation accrual is recorded as a current liability.

Fund equity

Reserves represent those portions of fund equity not appropriated for expenditure or legally segregated for a specific future use. Designated fund balances represent tentative plans for future use of financial resources. There were no designated fund balances at June 30, 2000.

The Department has reserved \$9,985,210 of the Equipment Revolving Fund retained earnings. This reserve is comprised of \$7,829,167 for replacement of fleet equipment and \$2,156,043 for replacement of two airplanes.

Administrative expenditures

The Department renders certain services (primarily administrative services as trustee or agent) to counties and cities of Arizona as well as to other agencies of the State of Arizona, the costs of which are accounted for in the State Highway Fund, a special revenue fund. No charges are made for these services. The Department receives certain services (primarily claims processing and treasury services) without cost from other Arizona state agencies.

The Arizona Highways Magazine Fund provides promotional magazines to other Arizona state agencies without charge.

Transactions between funds

Transactions that would be treated as revenue, expenditures, or expenses if they involved organizations external to the governmental unit are accounted for as revenue, expenditures, or expenses in the funds involved. Transactions which constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures or expenses initially made from that fund which are applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures or expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures or expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

Nonrecurring or nonroutine transfers of equity between funds are treated as residual equity transfers and are reported as additions to or deductions from the fund balance of governmental funds. Residual equity transfers to proprietary funds are treated as contributed capital, and such transfers from proprietary funds are reported as reductions of retained earnings or contributed capital as is appropriate in the circumstances. All other transactions are treated as operating transfers and are included in the results of operations of both governmental and proprietary funds.

Certain services, including accounting and investment services and claims, are furnished to certain funds by various other funds of the Department without charge.

Operations of the internal service fund are conducted in facilities recorded in the General Fixed Assets Account Group, the costs of which are accounted for in the State Highway Fund, a special revenue fund of the Department. The internal service fund pays the costs of repairs and maintenance of those facilities, but no rental charges are made to the funds for the use thereof.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Loan losses and revenue

Each mortgage loan is analyzed on an individual basis to determine a reserve for loan losses based on delinquency. Interest revenue is recognized when received and is included under the caption "Interest revenue."

Use of estimates

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Memorandum and comparative totals

Total columns for 2000 and 1999 included in the accompanying combined financial statements are captioned memorandum only to indicate they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. The information in the columns is not intended to present

financial position, results of operations or cash flows of its proprietary fund types in conformity with GAAP. This information is not comparable to a consolidation and interfund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of the information.

Reclassifications

Certain 1999 amounts have been reclassified to conform to the 2000 presentation. Adjustments were made for Warehouse Revolving Fund, Local Agency Deposits Fund and Privilege Tax Fund. The Warehouse Revolving Fund was shown as an Internal Service Fund in fiscal year 1999 and has been reclassified as a Special Revenue Fund in fiscal year 2000. The Local Agency Deposits Fund was shown as an Expendable Trust Fund in fiscal year 1999 and has been reclassified as an Agency Fund in fiscal year 2000. The Privilege Tax Fund was shown as an Agency Fund in fiscal year 1999 and has been reclassified as a Special Revenue Fund in fiscal year 2000. The Warehouse Revolving Fund and Privilege Tax Fund are now included in the State Highway Fund, a Special Revenue Fund.

NOTE 2. BUDGET BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The Department prepares its annual budget on a basis that differs from GAAP. The budget and the actual results of transactions are presented in accordance with the Department's method (budget basis) in the Combined Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) - Budgeted Special Revenue Funds in order to provide a meaningful

comparison of actual results with the budget. The adjustments required to convert the revenues and expenditures for the budgeted special revenue funds from the GAAP basis to the budgetary basis consist of accrual to cash basis adjustments and the exclusion of funds not budgeted through legislative appropriation.

NOTE 2. BUDGET BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (Continued)

Adjustments necessary to convert the excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses for the year ended June 30, 2000, on a GAAP basis to budget basis is as follows:

	Special Revenue Funds
Excess <deficiency> of revenues and other financing sources over</deficiency>	
<under> expenditures and other financing uses — GAAP basis</under>	\$ <6,902,478>
Basis differences	
Net increase in accounts payable, accrued payroll and	
other accruals not recognized as expenditures on budget basis	3,271,336
Net increase in receivables related to fuel and motor carrier	
taxes and fees, vehicle registration, title, license, and related	
fees not recognized as revenue on budget basis	15,680,887
Total basis differences	18,952,223
Perspective differences	
Revenues and other financing sources not recognized on budget basis:	
Reimbursements of construction expenditures - Federal aid	<372,411,938>
Other Federal grants and reimbursements	<11,748,706>
Reimbursements from Arizona counties, cities, and other state agencies	<3,111,760>
State appropriations	<179,690>
Interest	<16,064,947>
Other	<10,361,880>
Proceeds from contracts and capital leases payable	<2,577,187>
Operating transfers in	<67,422,402>
Expenditures and other financing uses not recognized on budget basis:	
Transportation - not appropriated by State legislature	6,820,619
Capital outlay - highway construction	682,094,083
Capital outlay - contracts and capital leases payable	2,577,187
Distributions to Arizona counties, cities and other state agencies	19,844,994
Other	1,679,790
Debt service transfer out	76,483,277
Other operating transfers out	1,812,966
Total perspective differences	307,434,406
Entity differences	
Less excess of revenues over expenditures for funds for which	
no annual budgets are prepared	<35,150,294>
Excess of revenues over expenditures — budget basis	\$ 284,333,857
220000 of revenues over experimentes budget suchs	ψ 204,333,037

NOTE 2. BUDGET BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (Continued)

Throughout the fiscal year, the Legislature may revise the budget. The following schedule reflects the original budgeted expenditures, subject to legislative limitations and cumulative revisions during the current fiscal year.

	Special
	Revenue
	 Funds
Original Budget	\$ 273,995,555
Cumulative Revisions	 2,509,813
Revised Budget	\$ 276,505,368

NOTE 3. SECURITIES HELD IN LIEU OF RETENTION

In accordance with Arizona law, a contractor may assign to the Department, in lieu of contract retention, time certificates of deposit in federally insured banks licensed by the State of Arizona or securities of the United States of America, the State of Arizona, its counties, municipalities and school districts or deposits in savings and loan institutions authorized to transact business in the State of Arizona. At June 30, 2000, the Trustee held assignment on

securities aggregating \$35,287,992, \$861,718 and \$38,466 in lieu of contractor retentions for construction in the special revenue funds, capital projects fund, and agency fund, respectively. Additional securities aggregating \$346,960 were on deposit but not assigned to a specific project. These additional securities are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTE 4. RESTRICTION OF USE OF THE STATE HIGHWAY FUND CASH

Effective July 1, 1981, State law required accumulation of at least 15 percent, which in fiscal year 1996 was modified to 12.6 percent, of the revenues allocated each year to the State Highway Fund (special revenue fund) from the Highway User Revenue Fund (agency fund) for the design, purchase of right-of-way or construction of controlled-access highways which are

included in the regional transportation plan of counties with populations in excess of 400,000 (Maricopa and Pima counties). At June 30, 2000, approximately \$95,000,000 including interest, of the fund balance was reserved, representing such unspent monies.

NOTE 5. NOTES AND LOANS RECEIVABLES

Notes receivable represent real estate mortgage loans made to individuals purchasing homes previously owned by the Department for highway construction purposes. The loans were made at a fixed rate and mature ten years from the date of origination.

Loans receivable represent loans made pursuant to Loan Repayment Agreements in the Highway Expansion and Extension Loan Program Fund. Eight loans have been authorized and four loans

NOTE 5. NOTES AND LOANS RECEIVABLE (Continued)

were outstanding as of June 30, 2000, to ADOT and the cities of Chino Valley and Tucson.

NOTE 6. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

A summary of interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2000, follows:

	Interfund Receivables	Interfund Payables	
Special Revenue Funds:		<u> </u>	
State Highway Fund:			
Due from Highway User Revenue Fund for taxes and fees	\$ 83,824,001	\$ -	
Due from Highway Expansion & Extension Loan Program Fund	1,389,051	9,119	
Other	7,305,131	308,950	
Total State Highway Fund	92,518,183	318,069	
State Aviation Fund	120,287	-	
Safety Enforcement and Transportation Infrastructure Fund	77,042	-	
Highway Expansion & Extension Loan Program Fund	9,119	1,389,051	
Maricopa Regional Area Road Construction Fund	368,312	2,521,773	
Motor Vehicle Liability Insurance Enforcement Fund	167,669	-	
Vehicle Inspection and Title Enforcement Fund	110,620	1,200	
Total Special Revenue Funds	93,371,232	4,230,093	
Capital Projects Fund:			
Highway Revenue Bonds Proceeds Fund	-	1,841,782	
Internal Service Funds:			
Equipment Revolving Fund	68,116	-	
Agency Funds:			
Motor Vehicle Division Clearing Fund	654,106	39,655,730	
Rental Tax & Bond Fund	-	162	
Highway User Revenue Fund	32,120,113	83,872,435	
Underground Storage Tank Fund	3,386,635	-	
Total Agency Funds	36,160,854	123,528,327	
Total All Funds	\$ 129,600,202	\$ 129,600,202	

Advances

Senate bill 1201 authorized the transfer of \$20,000,000 from the State Highway Fund in fiscal year 2000. This amount is shown as Advances to other Arizona Department of Transportation funds in the State

Highway Fund and Advances from other Arizona Department of Transportation funds in Highway Expansion and Extension Loan Program Fund. The advance is due no later than December 31, 2008.

NOTE 7. FIXED ASSETS

A summary of changes in general fixed assets follows:

	Balance July 1, 1999			Additions		Disposals (1)		Balance June 30, 2000	
		•		_		•			
Land	\$	10,863,072	\$	2,635,972	\$	-	\$	13,499,044	
Building and improvements		110,107,920		23,090,804		-		133,198,724	
Improvements other than buildings Machinery and equipment		31,086,260 39,454,138		749,627 4,864,417		<22,432,360> <5,463,827>		9,403,527 38,854,728	
Total General Fixed Assets	\$	191,511,390	\$	31,340,820	\$	<27,896,187>	\$	194,956,023	

Summary of proprietary fund type fixed assets at June 30, 2000:

	Enterprise Fund		Internal Service Fund	
Land	\$ 7,900	\$	-	
Buildings	981,156		-	
Furniture and fixtures			-	
Shop tools, office and computer equipment, and software Mobile equipment	2,421,779 10,059		2,444,191 108,402,954	
Less accumulated depreciation Total proprietary fund fixed assets	\$ 3,420,894 <1,355,806> 2,065,088	\$	110,847,145 <65,160,863> 45,686,282	

⁽¹⁾ The disposal of assets includes the transfer of \$19,569,077 in facilities located at the Grand Canyon Airport to the Grand Canyon Airport Authority in fiscal year 2000. These facilities have been transferred back to ADOT in fiscal year 2001.

NOTE 8. FUND EQUITY

Fund equity for the proprietary funds consists of the following:

Enterprise Fund:

	Arizona Highways Magazine Fund								
	Contributed	Retained	Tot	als					
	Capital	Earnings	2000	1999					
Balance, July 1, 1999 Reduction of contributed capital Net <loss> income</loss>	\$ 1,538,698	\$ 3,406,959 - <505,395>	\$ 4,945,657 - <505,395>	\$ 6,297,820 <500,000> <852,163>					
Balance, June 30, 2000	\$ 1,538,698	\$ 2,901,564	\$ 4,440,262	\$ 4,945,657					

NOTE 8. FUND EQUITY (Continued)

Internal Service Fund:

			Equipment Fund	d	
		Reserved	Unreserved		
	Contributed	Retained	Retained	Tota	als
	Capital	Earnings	Earnings	2000	1999
Balance, July 1, 1999	\$ 5,793,237	\$ 9,985,210	\$ 27,628,041	\$ 43,406,488	\$43,128,989
Net income <loss></loss>			<190,314>	<190,314>	277,499
Balance, June 30, 2000	\$ 5,793,237	\$ 9,985,210	\$ 27,437,727	\$ 43,216,174	\$43,406,488

Arizona Revised Statutes, Section 28-7315, established an Arizona Highways Magazine Fund. The Fund consists of monies appropriated by the Legislature from the State Highway Fund, a special revenue fund, not to exceed \$500,000 annually, in addition to all Arizona Highways Magazine revenues received less expenses. The balance of contributed

capital represents contributions from the State Highway Fund of \$38,698 and \$2,000,000 during 1991 and 1990, respectively less a reduction of \$500,000 in fiscal year 1999. Balances remaining in the Fund at the end of the fiscal year do not revert to the State of Arizona General Fund or the State Highway Fund.

NOTE 9. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT AND OTHER OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of changes in general long-term debt for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000:

	Balance		Retirements	Amortization	Balance
	July 1, 1999	Additions	/Refundings	of Discount	June 30, 2000
Bonds:					
Highway Revenue Bonds:					
1990	\$ 17,560,000	\$ -	\$ 17,560,000	\$ -	\$ -
1991 Series A, Subordinated	21,905,000	-	11,410,000	-	10,495,000
1992 Series A, Subordinated,					
Refunding	48,965,000	-	23,760,000	-	25,205,000
1992 Series B, Subordinated	36,560,000	-	-	-	36,560,000
1993 Series, Refunding	135,810,000	-	11,550,000	-	124,260,000
1993 Series A, Subordinated,					
Refunding	228,545,000	-	1,925,000	-	226,620,000
1993 Series B, Subordinated,					
Refunding	35,000,000	-	-	-	35,000,000
1999 Series	-	151,080,000	540,000	-	150,540,000
Transportation Excise Tax Revenue Bonds:					
1988 Series A,					
Capital Appreciation	53,886,710	-	-	4,031,713	57,918,423
1989 Series A,					
Subordinated	25,620,000	-	25,620,000	-	-
1991 Series A	9,000,000	-	9,000,000	-	-
1992 Series A, Refunding	165,185,000	-	38,165,000	-	127,020,000
1992 Series B	16,335,000	-	2,380,000	-	13,955,000
1993 Series, Subordinated					
Refunding	130,595,000	-	8,530,000	-	122,065,000
1995 Series A, Subordinated	90,640,000	-	13,200,000	-	77,440,000
1995 Series B, Subordinated,					
Refunding	86,440,000	-	245,000	-	86,195,000
1998 Series A	155,445,000	-	19,310,000	-	136,135,000
1999 Series, Subordinated		124,695,000	16,995,000		107,700,000
Total Bonds Payable	1,257,491,710	275,775,000	200,190,000	4,031,713	1,337,108,423
Other long-term liabilities:					
Contracts and capital leases payable	443,175	2,577,187	954,589	-	2,065,773
Long-term accrued vacation leave	8,230,209	394,813	-	-	8,625,022
Total General Long-Term Debt	\$1,266,165,094	<u>\$ 278,747,000</u>	\$ 201,144,589	\$ 4,031,713	<u>\$1,347,799,218</u>

NOTE 9. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT AND OTHER OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Bonds payable

Bonds payable are due in varying annual principal amounts plus varying semiannual interest amounts, except for the 1988 Series A Capital Appreciation Bonds which are due in annual installments of \$21,500,000 in 2002 through 2004 with the balance of \$8,500,000 due in 2005. Bonds payable at June 30, 2000, are comprised of the following individual issues:

	Final				
	Interest	Maturity	Balance at		
Issue	Rates	Date	June 30, 2000		
State of Arizona Highway Revenue Bonds:					
1991 Series A, Subordinated	8.8%	07/01/2004	\$ 10,495,000		
1992 Series A, Subordinated, Refunding	6.1%	07/01/2001	25,205,000		
1992 Series B, Subordinated	6.1% - 8.0%	07/01/2006	36,560,000		
1993 Series, Refunding	4.7% - 5.3%	07/01/2009	124,260,000		
1993 Series A, Subordinated, Refunding	4.3% - 6.0%	07/01/2011	226,620,000		
1993 Series B, Subordinated, Refunding	5.1% - 6.0%	07/01/2011	35,000,000		
1999 Series	4.5% - 6.3%	07/01/2019	150,540,000		
Total Highway Revenue Bonds			608,680,000		
State of Arizona Transportation Excise Tax Revenue Bonds:					
1988 Series A Capital Appreciation Bonds					
(maturity value of \$73,000,000)	7.3% - 7.5%	07/01/2005	57,918,423		
1992 Series A, Refunding	5.4% - 5.8%	07/01/2005	127,020,000		
1992 Series B	5.4% - 5.8%	07/01/2005	13,955,000		
1993 Series, Subordinated, Refunding	4.4% - 5.6%	07/01/2005	122,065,000		
1995 Series A, Subordinated	4.5% - 6.5%	07/01/2005	77,440,000		
1995 Series B, Subordinated, Refunding	4.5% - 6.5%	07/01/2005	86,195,000		
1998 Series A	4.0% - 5.0%	07/01/2005	136,135,000		
1999 Series, Subordinated	4.8% - 5.3%	07/01/2005	107,700,000		
Total Transportation Excise Tax Revenue Bonds			728,428,423		
Total Bonds Payable			\$ 1,337,108,423		

The Highway Revenue Bonds are secured by a prior lien on and a pledge of motor vehicle and related fuel fees and taxes of the State Highway Fund, a special revenue fund. Arizona Revised Statutes prohibit the

total principal amount of Arizona Highway Revenue Bonds, excluding refunded bonds, from exceeding \$800,000,000.

NOTE 9. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT AND OTHER OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

The Transportation Excise Tax Revenue Bonds are secured by transportation excise taxes collected by the Arizona Department of Revenue on behalf of Maricopa County.

Bonds aggregating \$426,710,000 (\$304,645,000 of Highway Revenue Bonds and \$122,065,000 of Transportation Excise Tax Revenue Bonds, respectively) are subject to redemption prior to their maturity dates, at the option of the Transportation Board, in whole at any time, or in part at various interest payment dates. These bonds may be redeemed at various redemption prices ranging from 100 percent to 102 percent of principal, plus accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption. Bonds aggregating \$925,480,000 are not subject to redemption prior to maturity.

The Bond Resolution adopted by the Transportation Board on July 25, 1986, established a debt service reserve requirement equal to the maximum annual interest due in the current year or future years on any series of outstanding Transportation Excise Tax Revenue Bonds. The Second Supplemental Transportation Excise Tax Revenue Bond Resolution the Transportation Board adopted by September 22, 1988, gives the Transportation Board the option, which it has elected, of acquiring debt service reserve insurance policies in lieu of the debt service reserve requirement. Accordingly, no debt service reserve is reflected in the accompanying financial statements. The policies (aggregating \$70,063,698 at June 30, 2000) were issued by Financial Guaranty Insurance Company, except for the 1993 Series Subordinated Bonds policies, which were issued by MBIA Insurance Corporation, and the 1995 Series A and Series B Subordinated Bonds policies which were issued by AMBAC Assurance Corporation. These policies are noncancelable and insure payment, up to the policy amount, of the bond interest on their respective payment dates. The

policies shall terminate on the earlier of July 1, 2005, or the date when no respective bonds are outstanding under the bond resolution. The premiums on these insurance policies are recorded as expenditures in the year of payment.

The carrying basis of the 1988 Series A Capital Appreciation Bonds increases as a result of accretion of the original issuance discount. At June 30, 2000, the carrying basis was \$57,918,423. At maturity on July 1, 2005, the carrying basis will equal the maturity amount of \$73,000,000.

On July 21, 1999, the Department issued \$124,695,000 in Subordinated Transportation Excise Tax Revenue Bonds (1999 Series) to (i) advance refund portions of the Transportation Board's outstanding Senior Bonds, (ii) finance the acquisition of land and the design and construction of certain controlled access highways within Maricopa County, Arizona and (iii) pay costs of issuing the 1999 Series Bonds. The 1999 Series Bonds are due July 1, 2000 through 2005.

Net proceeds totaled \$126,690,457 (after receipt of \$2,112,418 of reoffering premium and payment of \$116,961 in underwriting fees). Net proceeds of \$4,711,545 were used to advance refund \$4,640,000 of the 1991 Series A, Senior Transportation Excise Tax Revenue Bonds (Refunded Bonds). State and Local Government securities were purchased with these proceeds and were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for the partial future debt service payments on the above-referenced bonds. As a result, the Refunded Bonds will be considered defeased and the liability for these bonds will be removed from the General Long-Term Debt Account Group. The Department advance refunded the Refunded Bonds to reduce its total debt service payments over the next two years by \$57,463 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the

present values of the debt service payments on the

old and new debt) of \$55,927.

NOTE 9. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT AND OTHER OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

On November 16, 1999, the Department issued \$151,080,000 in Highway Revenue Bonds (Series 1999) to (i) finance portions of the Transportation Board's five year capital program, (ii) advance refund portions of the Transportation Board's outstanding Senior Bonds and Subordinated Bonds and (iii) pay costs of issuing the 1999 Series Bonds. The 1999 Series Bonds are due July 1, 2001 through 2019.

Net proceeds totaled \$151,926,437 (after receipt of \$1,781,810 of reoffering premium and payment of \$935,373 in underwriting fees). Net proceeds of \$21,408,821 were used to advance refund \$9,065,000 of the Senior Series 1990 Bonds and \$11,410,000 of the Subordinated Series 1991A Bonds. State and Local

Government securities were purchased with these proceeds and were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for the partial future debt service payments on the above-referenced bonds. As a result, the Refunded Bonds will be considered defeased and the liability for these bonds will be removed from the General Long-Term Debt Account Group. The Department advance refunded the Refunded Bonds to reduce its total debt service payments over the next 3 years by \$491,359 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$407,420.

Future debt service requirements of bonds outstanding at June 30, 2000, are as follows:

	Transportation Excise Tax											
Fiscal	al Highway Revenue Bonds Revenue I				e Bo	Bonds Total						
Year		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2001	\$	52,055,000	\$	33,102,540	\$	135,370,000	\$	35,406,817	\$	187,425,000	\$	68,509,357
2002		37,790,000		30,275,485		142,085,000		28,690,991		179,875,000		58,966,476
2003		39,595,000		28,457,374		148,690,000		22,076,380		188,285,000		50,533,754
2004		41,465,000		26,107,772		155,095,000		15,606,647		196,560,000		41,714,419
2005		44,315,000		23,743,076		162,270,000		8,434,964		206,585,000		32,178,040
2006		46,760,000		21,298,257		-		-		46,760,000		21,298,257
2007		49,355,000		18,705,278		-		-		49,355,000		18,705,278
2008		51,825,000		16,233,809		-		-		51,825,000		16,233,809
2009		54,780,000		13,283,226		-		-		54,780,000		13,283,226
2010		58,105,000		10,488,813		-		-		58,105,000		10,488,813
2011		61,310,000		7,280,597		-		-		61,310,000		7,280,597
2012		7,195,000		4,252,638		-		-		7,195,000		4,252,638
2013		7,625,000		3,825,262		-		-		7,625,000		3,825,262
2014		8,080,000		3,367,763		-		-		8,080,000		3,367,763
2015		8,575,000		2,872,862		-		-		8,575,000		2,872,862
2016		9,110,000		2,336,925		-		-		9,110,000		2,336,925
2017		9,680,000		1,767,550		-		-		9,680,000		1,767,550
2018		10,235,000		1,210,950		-		-		10,235,000		1,210,950
2019		10,825,000		622,438		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		10,825,000		622,438
	\$	608,680,000	\$	249,232,615	\$	743,510,000	\$	110,215,799	\$	1,352,190,000	\$	359,448,414

NOTE 9. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT AND OTHER OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Refunded bonds

In prior years, the Transportation Board refinanced various bond issues through advance refunding arrangements. Under the terms of the refunding bond issues, sufficient assets to pay all principal and interest on the refunded bond issues have been placed in irrevocable trust accounts at commercial banks and invested in U.S. Government securities

which, together with interest earned thereon, will provide amounts sufficient for future payment of principal and interest of the issues refunded. The assets, liabilities, and financial transactions of these trust accounts and the liability for the defeased bonds are not reflected in the financial statements of the Department.

Refunded bonds of the Department outstanding at June 30, 2000, are as follows:

		Escrow	Balance
Original Issue Date	Туре	Maturity Date	Outstanding
1990	Highway Revenue Bonds	July 1, 2000	\$ 150,325,000
1991 Series A, Subordinated	Highway Revenue Bonds	July 1, 2001	160,645,000
1992 Series B, Subordinated	Highway Revenue Bonds	July 1, 2002	52,350,000
1988 Series A	Transportation Excise Tax Revenue Bonds		
	Capital Appreciaiton Bonds	July 1, 2005	8,996,156
	Total refunded bonds outstanding		\$ 372,316,156

Contracts and capital leases payable

Modular buildings and other equipment totaling \$3,139,484 acquired through purchase contracts are recorded in the General Fixed Assets Account Group. Payments are due in monthly installments through

June 2005 with interest rates ranging from 4.71 percent to 12.40 percent.

At June 30, 2000, remaining annual principal payments under purchase contracts were as follows:

Total Outstanding	\$ 2	2,065,773
2005		110,686
2004		221,893
2003		282,101
2002		684,122
2001	\$	766,971

Notes Payable

Notes payable represent \$58,832,686 in the State Highway Fund for the Highway Expansion and Extension Loan Program (HELP) Fund loan and \$9,530,079 in the Equipment Fund for heavy equipment purchases with third party financing. The HELP loan principal and interest payments are due monthly. The interest rates vary from 3.588 percent to

4.50 percent with the final payments due in 2005. The

heavy equipment loan payments are due in

NOTE 9. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT AND OTHER OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

monthly installments through January 2005 with interest rates ranging from 4.71 percent to 5.41 percent.

NOTE 10. OPERATING LEASES

The Department leases data processing and other equipment and certain facilities from various lessors. The majority of the leases are for a one-year term, renewable annually. Total rental expenditures (excluding interfund transactions) for the year ended June 30, 2000, approximated \$2,996,000.

In Fiscal Year 2000, the Department has entered into a long term lease for a facility located on Washington Street in Phoenix. The future operating lease commitments are as follows:

2001	\$ 981,780
2002	1,206,772
2003	1,247,679
2004	1,288,586
2005	1,329,494
Thereafter	2,781,710

Future operating leasing commitments \$ 8,836,021

Various funds also rent mobile equipment from the Equipment Revolving Fund on an as-needed basis. Rental income for mobile equipment for the year ended June 30, 2000, is as follows:

Total operating leases	\$ 26,104,085
Other	 1,118,624
Arizona Highways Magazine Fund	34,033
State Highway Fund	\$ 24,951,428

NOTE 11. RETIREMENT PLANS

The Arizona State Retirement System Board administers the Arizona State Retirement Plan (Plan), a cost sharing multi-employer defined benefit pension plan, for the benefit of Arizona employees and employees of certain other governmental entities. Plan provisions, including death, disability, and retirement benefits, are established by State statute. Substantially all employees of the Department are covered by the Plan.

The Arizona State Retirement System (System) issues a Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The most recent report may be obtained by writing the System, 3300 North Central Avenue, P. O. Box 33910, Phoenix, Arizona 85067-3910 or by calling (602) 240-2000 or (800) 621-3778.

NOTE 11. RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Arizona Revised Statues provide statutory authority for employee and employer contributions. The employee and employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2000, was computed to be 2.66 percent of covered payroll by an actuarial valuation performed

at June 30, 1998. Contributions for the years ended June 30, 1998, 1999 and 2000 were \$4,668,911, \$4,705,156 and \$3,877,921, respectively for both the employees and the Department, which were equal to the required contributions for each year.

NOTE 12. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Risk management insurance losses

The Department is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Department is a participant in the State's self-insurance program, and, in the opinion of the Department's management, any unfavorable outcomes from these claims and actions would be covered by the self-insurance program. Accordingly, the Department has no risk of loss beyond adjustments to future years' premium payments to the State's self-insurance program. All estimated losses for unsettled claims and actions of the State are determined on an actuarial basis and are included in the State of Arizona's Comprehensive Annual Report.

Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the Federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the Department expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Claims

The Department has a variety of claims pending against it that arose during the normal course of its activities. Management of the Department believes, based on the advice of legal counsel, that losses, if any, resulting from settlement of these claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the Department's fund types.

On August 5, 1999, in Hurley Trucking Co., Inc. v. State, the Tax Court of the State ruled in favor of a refund claim for motor vehicle use fuel (diesel) taxes and motor carrier taxes (based on vehicle weight and mileage) paid to the State (the "Disputed Revenues"). Several trucking companies have additionally filed refund claims. The claimants assert that the applicable statutes at the time did not permit the State to collect Disputed Revenues for certain tax years prior to 1997 relating to travel on state maintained roads crossing Federal lands. The Arizona Legislature subsequently clarified the statutes in 1997. The State filed its notice of appeal to the Arizona Court of Appeals on September 3, 1999. Oral argument was held May 23, 2000. The Department disputes the claimants' interpretation of the applicable statutes and intends to assert a vigorous defense. However, if the plaintiff in the *Hurley* case were to prevail, the maximum potential amount of the claim is difficult to predict with certainty because the amount of each claim would vary based on the nature of the actual roads used and mileage of each claimant. If the

NOTE 12. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (Continued)

plaintiff were to prevail on both counts and all existing claimants were to receive a lump sum payment in a single fiscal year, the Department does not believe that the maximum potential payment from the Arizona Highway User Revenue Fund would reduce the amount of State Highway Fund revenues

by more than ten percent (10%) for the single fiscal year in which such payment were made.

Commitments under construction contracts

The Department's outstanding commitments under construction contracts were approximately \$687,565,000 at June 30, 2000.

NOTE 13. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On July 11, 2000, the Department issued \$39,405,000 in Grant Anticipation Notes (Series 2000A) to (i) pay a portion of the costs of acquiring right-of-way for, design and construction of certain controlled-access highways in the City of Phoenix, Arizona, and (ii) a portion of the costs of issuing the Series 2000A Notes. The Series 2000A Notes are due January 1, 2003 and January 1, 2004. Net proceeds totaled \$39,200,196 (after payment of \$34,804 original issue discount and \$170,000 underwriting fees).

On September 15, 2000, the Department issued \$113,690,000 in Transportation Excise Tax Revenue Bonds (2000 Series) to (i) finance the acquisition of land and the design and construction of certain controlled access highway within Maricopa County, Arizona and (ii) pay cost of issuing the 2000 Series Bonds. The 2000 Series Bonds are due July 1, 2001 through 2005. Net proceeds totaled \$115,001,157 (after receipt of \$1,960,638 of reoffering premium and payment of \$649,481 in underwriting fees).

Special Revenue Funds

The State Highway Fund

is used to account for all financial transactions applicable to the general operations of the Department. The fund receives maney from the Highway User Revenue Fund for vehicle registration, title, license and related fees and fuel and motor carrier taxes. Reimbursements for certain construction expenditures are received from the Federal government, Arizono cities and counties, and other state agencies. The fund also receives interest and other revenues. The fund disburses money primarily for the engineering, construction, improvement and maintenance of state highways, parts of highways forming state routes and highways under cooperative agreements with the United States.

The State Aviation Fund

is appropriated by the legislature and receives monies from aviation gasoline taxes, sale of abandoned ar seized aircraft, flight property taxes and the operation of certain airports. The State Aviation Fund monies are used to build and maintain airport facilities.

The Safety Enforcement and Transportation Infrastructure Fund

is appropriated by the legislature and receives monies from the registration of vehicles of nonresidents for enforcement of vehicle safety requirements, maintenance of transportation facilities and upgrades of transportation facilities, including roads, streets, and highways, approved by the Transportation Board within twenty-five miles of the border between Arizona and Mexico.

The Highway Expansion and Extension Loan Program Fund

is an innovative financing mechanism to administer funds designated to provide loan and credit enhancement assistance to sponsors of local transportation projects.

The Maricopa Regional Area Road Construction Fund

receives Maricopa County transportation excise tax monies collected by the Department of Revenue. These monies are used for the construction of state highways within Maricopa County.

The Motor Carrier Safety Revolving Fund

receives fees to administer and enforce the rules governing the safety operations of motor carriers, shippers and vehicles transporting hazardous materials, substances or waste.

The Motor Vehicle Liability Insurance Enforcement Fund

receives fees and interest to administer the State's Mandatory Liability Insurance Program.

The Vehicle Inspection and Title Enforcement Fund

are monies for continuing appropriation to be used to defray the cost of investigations involving certificates of title, licensing fraud, registration enforcement and other enforcement related issues.





Arizona Department of Transportation Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2000

(With comparative totals at June 30, 1999)

	Budgeted									
		State Highway Fund		State Aviation Fund	Tra	Safety nforcement and ansportation frastructure Fund	L	Highway Expansion and Extension oan Program Fund		Maricopa Regional Area Road Construction Fund
Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents on deposit	_		_		_		_		_	
with the State Treasurer	\$	202,584,064	\$	16,504,653	\$	5,009,835	\$	116,479,199	\$	133,281,122
Receivables:								60.022.010		1 606 104
Notes and loans		1.052.001		6,766,575		-		60,022,019		4,686,494
Accrued interest		1,852,881		263,504		50,220		2,050,507		1,194,720
Other		4,685,421		76,335		-		-		7,003,709
Due from U.S. Government for		0 < 000 05 4								221025
reimbursable construction costs		36,220,374		-		-		-		324,036
Due from other Arizona Department										
of Transportation funds		92,518,183		120,287		77,042		9,119		368,312
Due from Arizona counties, cities								4 - 700		
and other state agencies		-		-		-		16,588		21,291,975
Inventories		3,961,476		-		-		-		-
Advances to other Arizona Department of		20,000,000								
Transportation funds		20,000,000	_		_		_		_	
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	361,822,399	\$	23,731,354	\$	5,137,097	\$	178,577,432	\$	168,150,368
Liabilities and fund balances										
Liabilities:										
Construction contracts payable	\$	29.085.269	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	11.161.125
Accounts payable	-	25,236,497	-	79,225	-	8,751	-	_	-	3,011,246
Accrued payroll and other accrued		-,,		,		-,				-,- ,
expenditures		5,664,102		15,198		10,889		_		2,912
Due to other Arizona Department of		-,,		,		,				-,
Transportation funds		318,069		_		_		1,389,051		2,521,773
Due to Arizona counties, cities and		,						-,,		_,,,,,,,
other state agencies		315,934		_		_		101,679,790		_
Federal arbitrage rebate		-		_		_		-		1,512,260
Advances from other Arizona Department of										,- ,
Transportation funds		_		_		_		20,000,000		_
Notes and interest payable		58,832,686		-		-		-		-
Total liabilities	_	119,452,557		94,423		19,640		123,068,841		18,209,316
Fund balances:		05.000.550								140 044 0==
Reserved for highway construction		95,020,770		-		-		-		149,941,052
Reserved for inventories		3,961,476		-		-		-		-
Reserved for loans and other financial assistance		1 42 207 505		-		-		55,508,591		-
Unreserved, undesignated		143,387,596	_	23,636,931	_	5,117,457	_		_	
Total fund balances		242,369,842	_	23,636,931	_	5,117,457	_	55,508,591		149,941,052
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	361,822,399	\$	23,731,354	\$	5,137,097	\$	178,577,432	\$	168,150,368

tor Carrier Safety evolving Fund] In	tor Vehicle Liability nsurance forcement Fund	In a	Vehicle spection nd Title forcement Fund		To 2000	tals	1999
\$ 57,293	\$	712,523	\$	733,681	\$	475,362,370	\$	388,421,719
- - -		- - -		- - -		71,475,088 5,411,832 11,765,465		19,872,561 3,500,232 9,498,053
-		-		-		36,544,410		44,110,269
-		167,669		110,620		93,371,232		106,459,635
-		-		-		21,308,563 3,961,476		19,510,343 3,781,392
\$ 57,293	\$	880,192	\$	844,301	\$	20,000,000 739,200,436	\$	595,154,204
\$ -	\$	50,000	\$	46,924	\$	40,246,394 28,432,643	\$	64,170,642 16,863,188
-		7,768		22,694		5,723,563		8,529,429
-		-		1,200		4,230,093		10,241,346
-		-		-		101,995,724 1,512,260		328,090 1,356,397
 - - -	_	- - 57,768	_	70,818	_	20,000,000 58,832,686 260,973,363	_	7,785,561 109,274,653
-		-		-		244,961,822		223,429,128
-		-		-		3,961,476 55,508,591		3,781,392 46,316,591
 57,293	_	822,424	_	773,483	_	173,795,184	_	212,352,440
57,293		822,424		773,483		478,227,073		485,879,551
\$ 57,293	\$	880,192	\$	844,301	\$	739,200,436	\$	595,154,204

Arizona Department of Transportation Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000 (With comparative totals for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999)

		Budgeted			
	State Highway Fund	State Aviation Fund	Safety Enforcement and Transportation Infrastructure Fund	Highway Expansion and Extension Loan Program Fund	Maricopa Regional Area Road Construction Fund
Revenues:					
Transportation excise tax	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 248,595,990
Vehicle registration, title, license					
and related fees	245,943,047	2,957,310	3,239,688	-	-
Fuel and motor carrier taxes and fees	275,661,282	527,558	-	-	-
Reimbursement of construction					
expenditures - Federal aid	372,411,938	-	-	-	-
Other Federal grants and reimbursements	5,180,895	6,500	-	6,561,311	29,854,254
State match	-	-	-	396,600	-
Reimbursements from Arizona counties,					
cities and other state agencies	3,111,760	-	-	-	15,496,949
State appropriations	179,690	-	-	-	-
Interest on loans receivable	_	-	-	1,591,725	-
Interest	12,284,145	1,430,221	230,887	3,780,802	6,989,597
Flight property tax	-	6,709,385	-	=	-
Grand Canyon Airport	_	346,040	-	-	-
Other	8,373,555	56,742	<u> </u>		2,525,795
Total revenues	923,146,312	12,033,756	3,470,575	12,330,438	303,462,585
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Transportation - appropriated by State legislature:					
Administration	47,847,296	-	-	-	-
Highway	42,302,275	-	-	-	-
Highway Maintenance	83,397,548	-	-	-	-
Motor Vehicle Division	71,345,034	-	902,715	-	-
Aeronautics Division	-	1,814,658	-	-	-
Other	654,856				
Total Transportation - appropriated by State legislature	245,547,009	1,814,658	902,715		<u>-</u>
Transportation - not appropriated by State legislature	6,751,022	-	-	69,597	-
Capital outlay:					
Highway construction	682,094,083	-	-	-	90,895,073
Land, buildings and					
improvements - appropriated by					
State legislature	10,956,144	-	-	-	_
Contracts and capital	<i>y</i>				
leases payable	2,577,187	_	-	_	_
Federal arbitrage rebate	-,577,207	-	-	-	155,863

Motor Carrier Safety Revolving	Motor Vehicle Liability Insurance Enforcement	Vehicle Inspection and Title Enforcement	To	tals
Fund	Fund	Fund	2000	1999
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 248,595,990	\$ 229,470,201
4,800	1,714,378	1,228,669	255,087,892 276,188,840	250,120,838 298,393,657
- - -	- - -	- - -	372,411,938 41,602,960 396,600	354,209,698 47,254,925 24,794
- - - - -	-	- - - -	18,608,709 179,690 1,591,725 24,715,652 6,709,385 346,040	14,879,540 868,443 28,798 22,274,747 7,489,832 1,052,578
4,800	1,714,378	1,228,669	10,956,092	19,371,455 1,245,439,506
-	-	-	47,847,296 42,302,275	44,648,035 42,034,947
-	-	-	83,397,548	79,304,434
22,020	1,399,069	823,295	74,492,133	70,438,046
- -	- 	<u> </u>	1,814,658 654,856	2,235,913 1,388,563
22,020	1,399,069	823,295	250,508,766	240,049,938
-	-	-	6,820,619	9,847,965
-	-	-	772,989,156	714,305,201
-	-	-	10,956,144	11,488,854
- -	-	-	2,577,187 155,863	282,248 1,356,397
				(continued)

Arizona Department of Transportation Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000 (With comparative totals for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999)

		Budgeted			
	State Highway Fund	State Aviation Fund	Safety Enforcement and Transportation Infrastructure Fund	Highway Expansion and Extension Loan Program Fund	Maricopa Regional Area Road Construction Fund
Arizona Department of Public Safety distributions - appropriated by					
State legislature	12,500,000	-	-	-	-
Year 2000 computer projects	-	-	-	-	-
Distributions to Arizona counties, cities					
and other state agencies	19,756	19,825,238	-	1,679,790	10,117,567
Interest expense Total expenditures	960,445,201	21,639,896	902,715	1,749,387	101,168,503
Total expellultures	900,443,201	21,039,690	902,713	1,749,367	101,100,303
Excess <deficiency> of revenues over</deficiency>					
<under> expenditures</under>	<37,298,889>	<9,606,140>	2,567,860	10,581,051	202,294,082
Other financing sources <uses>:</uses>					
Proceeds from contracts and					
capital leases payable	2,577,187	-	-	-	-
Operating transfers in	67,255,008	167,394	-	-	84,950
Operating transfers out:					
Debt service	<76,483,277>	-167.204	-105 226	-1 200 051	<150,635,700>
Other	<61,195>	<167,394>	<195,326>	<1,389,051>	<17,188,201>
Total other financing sources <uses></uses>	<6,712,277>		<195,326>	<1,389,051>	<167,738,951>
Excess <deficiency> of revenues and other financing sources over <under></under></deficiency>					
expenditures and other financing uses	<44,011,166>	<9,606,140>	2,372,534	9,192,000	34,555,131
Fund balances, July 1 Residual equity transfer out	286,381,008	33,243,071	3,494,923 <750,000>	46,316,591	115,385,921
Fund balances, June 30	\$ 242,369,842	\$ 23,636,931	\$ 5,117,457	\$ 55,508,591	\$ 149,941,052

Motor Carrier Safety Revolving	Motor Vehicle Liability Insurance Enforcement	Vehicle Inspection and Title Enforcement	Tot	rale
Fund	Fund	Fund	2000	1999
	<u> </u>		2000	
-	-	-	12,500,000	12,500,000
-	-	-	-	6,527,900
600	-	107,700	30,070,861 1,679,790	32,854,388
22,620	1,399,069	930,995	1,088,258,386	1,029,212,891
<17,820>	315,309	297,674	169,133,127	216,226,615
-	-	-	2,577,187	282,248
-	-	-	67,507,352	43,771,485
-	-	-	<227,118,977> <19,001,167>	<226,501,081> <40,062,960>
			<176,035,605>	<222,510,308>
<17,820>	315,309	297,674	<6,902,478>	<6,283,693>
75,113	507,115	475,809	485,879,551 <750,000>	492,163,244
\$ 57,293	\$ 822,424	<u>\$ 773,483</u>	\$ 478,227,073	\$ 485,879,551

Arizona Department of Transportation Special Revenue Funds Combining Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000

		State Highway Fund	1		State Aviation Fund Budget Actual Non-GAAP Variance - Favorable 2,175,000 \$ 3,102,292 \$ 927,292 546,000 481,594 <64,406> 1,587,000 1,560,208 <26,792> 8,188,000 6,709,385 <1,478,615> 84,000 341,110 257,110 32,000 62,434 30,434 12,612,000 12,257,023 <354,977>		
	Budget	Actual Non-GAAP	Variance - Favorable <unfavorable></unfavorable>	Budget		Favorable	
Revenues:							
Vehicle registration, title, license							
and related fees	\$ 245,889,200	\$ 249,120,527	\$ 3,231,327	\$ 2,175,000	\$ 3,102,292	\$ 927,292	
Fuel and motor carrier taxes and fees	282,268,300	287,930,650	5,662,350	546,000	481,594	<64,406>	
Interest	-	-	-	1,587,000	1,560,208	<26,792>	
Flight property tax	-	-	-	8,188,000	6,709,385	<1,478,615>	
Grand Canyon Airport		-	-	84,000	341,110	257,110	
Other	-	-	-	32,000	62,434	30,434	
Total revenues	528,157,500	537,051,177	8,893,677	12,612,000			
Expenditures appropriated							
by State legislature in 1999 budget:							
Administration:							
Personal services	17,070,580	17,069,666	914	_	_	_	
Employee related expenditures	3,622,755	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	152	_	_	_	
Other operating expenditures	26,935,465		598,023	_	_	_	
Risk management premiums	20,933,403	20,337,442	396,023	-	-	-	
- ·	47.620.000	47.020.711	500,000				
Total Administration	47,628,800	47,029,711	599,089				
Highway:							
Personal services	28,604,000	28,571,952	32,048	-	-	-	
Employee related expenditures	6,066,800	6,034,907	31,893	-	-	-	
Other operating expenditures	7,669,100	7,363,877	305,223	-	-	-	
Radio communication	405,900	405,968	<68>	·			
Total Highway	42,745,800	42,376,704	369,096				
Highway Maintenance:							
Personal services	27,040,500	26,432,441	608,059	-	_	-	
Employee related expenditures	6,847,800	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	315,804	_	_	_	
Other operating expenditures	50,046,500		1,662,793	_	_	_	
Highway Maintenance	,,	,,.	-,,	_	_	_	
(nonreverting balance forward)	1,279,178	1,279,178	_	_	_	_	
Total Highway Maintenance	85,213,978		2,586,656				
Motor Vehicle Division:							
Personal services	40,447,300	40,442,711	4 500				
	10,164,000		4,589 400	-	-	-	
Employee related expenditures Other operating expenditures			389,290	-	-	-	
	15,475,400		369,290	-	-	-	
License plates and tabs Medical advisory board	2,295,300		3	-	-	-	
-	200,000		0.050	-	-	-	
Abandoned Vehicle	422,700		9,058	-	-	-	
Attorney General Legal	125,800		1,683	-	-	-	
Special Projects	1,633,053	1,602,185	30,868	-	-	-	
Desktop Computer Replacement Total Motor Vehicle Division	70,763,553	70,327,662	435,891				
		7 7					
Air Quality Program: Personal services	25 600	25 600					
	35,600		-	-	-	-	
Employee related expenditures	9,400		-	-	-	-	
Other operating expenditures							
Total Air Quality Program	45,200	45,200		<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u> _	<u> </u>	

	Totals			 		ructure Fund	mi asu	11	
Variance - Favorable <unfavorable></unfavorable>	Actual Non-GAAP		Budget	Variance - Favorable nfavorable>]	Actual on-GAAP		Budget	
3,832,9	255,486,184	\$	251,653,200	\$ <325,635>	\$	3,263,365	\$	3,589,000	
5,597,9	288,412,244		282,814,300	-		-		-	
159,6	1,771,690		1,612,000	186,482		211,482		25,000	
<1,478,6	6,709,385		8,188,000	-		-		-	
257,1	341,110		84,000	-		-		-	
30,4	62,434		32,000	 _		-		<u>-</u>	
8,399,5	552,783,047		544,383,500	<139,153>		3,474,847		3,614,000	
Ç	17,069,666		17,070,580	_		_		_	
1	3,622,603		3,622,755	-		-		-	
598,0	26,337,442		26,935,465	-		-		-	
500 (- 47,000,711	_	-	 		<u>-</u>	-		
599,0	47,029,711		47,628,800	 -	_	<u>-</u>		_	
32,0	28,571,952		28,604,000	-		-		-	
31,8	6,034,907		6,066,800	-		-		=	
305,2	7,363,877		7,669,100	-		-		-	
<	405,968		405,900	 _	_			<u>-</u>	
369,0	42,376,704		42,745,800	 		-		-	
608,0	26,432,441		27,040,500	-		-		-	
315,8	6,531,996		6,847,800	-		-		-	
1,662,7	48,383,707		50,046,500	-		-		-	
	1,279,178		1,279,178					<u> </u>	
2,586,6	82,627,322	_	85,213,978	 		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
41,7	40,925,453		40,967,200	37,158		482,742		519,900	
14,7	10,275,454		10,290,200	14,346		111,854		126,200	
480,8	15,369,033		15,849,900	91,577		282,923		374,500	
	2,295,297		2,295,300	-		-		-	
0.6	200,000		200,000	-		-		-	
9,0	413,642		422,700 125,800	-		-		-	
1,6 30,8	124,117 1,602,185		1,633,053	-		-		-	
30,0	1,002,183		1,033,033	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>	
578,9	71,205,181		71,784,153	 143,081		877,519		1,020,600	
	35,600		35,600	_		-		-	
	9,400		9,400	-		-		-	
	200		200	 <u> </u>	_	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
	45,200		45,200						

(Continued)

Arizona Department of Transportation Special Revenue Funds Combining Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000

	S	tate Highway Fund			State Aviation Fund Variance -		
- -	Budget	Actual Non-GAAP	Variance - Favorable <unfavorable></unfavorable>	Budget	Actual Non-GAAP	Variance - Favorable <unfavorable></unfavorable>	
State General Fund Program:							
Public transit:							
Personal services	54,600	54,346	254	-	-	-	
Employee related expenditures	19,000	16,067	2,933	-	-	-	
Other operating expenditures	8,900	8,575	325	-	-	-	
Other transit planning	15,082	15,082	-	-	_	-	
Total State General Fund Program	97,582	94,070	3,512				
Aeronautics Division:							
Personal services	_	_	-	566,800	535,225	31,575	
Employee related expenditures	_	_	-	126,000	105,173	20,827	
Other operating expenditures	_	_	-	600,400	468,469	131,931	
Reimbursement to State				,	,	- ,	
Highway Fund	_	_	-	_	_	_	
Total Aeronautics Division				1,293,200	1,108,867	184,333	
Capital outlay - land, buildings							
and improvements	14,141,246	10,956,144	3,185,102	-	-	_	
Arizona Department of Public		, ,	, ,				
Safety transfers	12,500,000	12,500,000	-	-	-	_	
Expenditures appropriated by		, ,					
State legislature by carryover							
of previous years'							
unexpended budgets	1,055,409	505,991	549,418	-	-	-	
Total expenditures	274,191,568	266,462,804	7,728,764	1,293,200	1,108,867	184,333	
Excess <deficiency> of revenues over</deficiency>							
<under> expenditures</under>	\$ 253,965,932	\$ 270,588,373	\$ 16,622,441	\$ 11,318,800	\$11,148,156	\$ <170,644	

I	nfrastructure Fund		Totals							
Budget	Actual Non-GAAP	Variance - Favorable <unfavorable></unfavorable>	Budget	Actual Non-GAAP	Variance - Favorable <unfavorable></unfavorable>					
-	-	-	54,600	54,346	254					
-	-	-	19,000	16,067	2,933					
-	-	-	8,900	8,575	325					
<u>-</u>			15,082	15,082						
			97,582	94,070	3,512					
_	_	_	566,800	535,225	31,575					
-	-	-	126,000	105,173	20,827					
-	-	-	600,400	468,469	131,931					
			1,293,200	1,108,867	184,333					
<u>-</u> _			1,293,200	1,100,007	164,333					
			14,141,246	10,956,144	3,185,102					
-	-	-	12,500,000	12,500,000	-					
			1.055.400	505.004	710.110					
			1,055,409	505,991	549,418					
1,020,600	877,519	143,081	276,505,368	268,449,190	8,056,178					
2,593,400	\$ 2,597,328	\$ 3,928	\$ 267,878,132	\$ 284,333,857	\$ 16,455,72 5					

Debt Service Funds

The Highway Revenue Bond Principal Redemption and Interest Fund

administers all payments of principal and interest for bonds issued by the Arizona Transportation Board and secured by highway user revenues including the Subordinated Highway Revenue Bonds Series 1991A, Subordinated Highway Revenue Bonds Series 1992A & 1992B, Subordinated Highway Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 1993A & 1993B, Highway Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 1993, and Highway Revenue Bonds Series 1999.

The Maricopa Regional Area Road Bond Fund

administers all payments of principal and interest for bonds issued by the Transportation Board of the State of Arizona and secured by transportation excise tax revenues including the 1988 Series A Bonds, 1992 Series A & 1992 Series B Bonds, Subordinated 1993 Series Bonds, Subordinated 1995 Series A & 1995 Series B Bonds, 1998 Series A Bonds, and Subordinated 1999 Series A Bonds.





Arizona Department of Transportation Debt Service Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2000

(With comparative totals at June 30, 1999)

	Highway Revenue Bond Fund		Maricopa Regional Area Road Bond Fund		Totals				
					2000		1999		
Assets	-								
Cash and cash equivalents on deposit									
with the State Treasurer	\$	896,498	\$	16,165,069	\$	17,061,567	\$	32,541,511	
Accrued interest receivable		669,683		1,614,159		2,283,842		2,195,226	
Total assets	\$	1,566,181	\$	17,779,228	\$	19,345,409	\$	34,736,737	
Fund balances									
Reserved for highway construction	\$	1,566,181	\$	17,779,228	\$	19,345,409	\$	34,736,737	
Total fund balances	\$	1,566,181	\$	17,779,228	\$	19,345,409	\$	34,736,737	

Arizona Department of Transportation Debt Service Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000

(With comparative totals for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999)

	Highway Revenue Bond Fund		Maricopa Regional Area Road Bond			Totals				
			Fund		2000		1999			
Revenues:	Φ 0.5	75 104	ф	6.016.026	Ф	0.502.120	ф	7 640 022		
Interest	\$ 2,5	75,194	\$	6,016,936	\$	8,592,130	\$	7,648,833		
Expenditures:										
Debt service:										
Principal	46,2	70,000	12	28,805,000		175,075,000		150,570,000		
Interest	33,9	94,369	4	12,609,206		76,603,575		74,341,597		
Bond issuance cost	2	51,800		46,400		308,200		659,778		
Other		95,111		77,723		172,834		114,023		
Total expenditures	80,6	21,280	17	71,538,329		252,159,609		225,685,398		
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	<78,0	46,086>	<10	55,521,393>		<243,567,479>	<	218,036,565>		
Other financing sources <uses>:</uses>										
Operating transfers in	76,4	33,277	15	50,635,700		227,118,977		226,501,081		
Proceeds from refunding bonds	21,4	59,488		4,702,686		26,172,174		28,825,844		
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	<20,4	75,000>	<	<4,640,000>		<25,115,000>		<27,390,000>		
Operating transfers out		<u>-</u>				<u> </u>		<3,128,892>		
Total other financing sources <uses></uses>	77,4	77,765	15	50,698,386		228,176,151		224,808,033		
Excess <deficiency> of revenues and other financing sources over <under></under></deficiency>										
expenditures and other financing uses	<5	58,321>	<1	14,823,007>		<15,391,328>		6,771,468		
Fund balances, July 1	2,1	34,502	3	32,602,235		34,736,737		27,965,269		
Fund balances, June 30	\$ 1,5	66,181	\$ 1	17,779,228	\$	19,345,409	\$	34,736,737		

Capital Projects Funds

The Highway Revenue Bond Proceeds Fund

is used to administer bond proceeds from the Series 1999 Arizona Transportation Board Highway Revenue Bonds issue. These monies are expended for the construction of Federal, State and local highways.

The Maricopa Regional Area Road Bond Proceeds Fund

is used to administer bond proceeds from the 1998 Series A and the 1999 Series A Transportation Board of the State of Arizona Subordinated Transportation Excise Tax Revenue Bond issues. These monies are spent on the construction of state highways within Maricopa County.





Arizona Department of Transportation Capital Projects Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2000

(With comparative totals at June 30,1999)

	Highway Revenue Bond Proceeds Fund		Maricopa Regional Area Road Bond Proceeds Fund		Totals			s	
					2000		1999		
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents on deposit									
with the State Treasurer	\$	50,410,037	\$	-	\$	50,410,037	\$	18,770,317	
Accrued interest receivable		559,451		-		559,451		554,801	
Due from other Arizona Department									
of Transportation Funds	_							5,875,596	
Total assets	\$	50,969,488	\$		\$	50,969,488	\$	25,200,714	
Liabilities and fund balances									
Liabilities:									
Construction contracts payable	\$	113,965	\$	-	\$	113,965	\$	8,463,402	
Accounts payable		1,020,788		-		1,020,788		6,772,019	
Due to other Arizona Department									
of Transportation Funds		1,841,782				1,841,782		1,675,635	
Total liabilities	_	2,976,535				2,976,535	_	16,911,056	
Fund balances - reserved									
for highway construction		47,992,953				47,992,953		8,289,658	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	50,969,488	\$		\$	50,969,488	\$	25,200,714	

Arizona Department of Transportation Capital Projects Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000

(With comparative totals for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999)

	Highway Revenue Bond Proceeds	Maricopa Regional Area Road Bond	Totals			
	Fund	Proceeds Fund	2000	1999		
Revenues:						
Interest	\$ 3,674,294	\$ 2,960,119	\$ 6,634,413	\$ 4,439,936		
Other		60	60	71,525		
Total revenues	3,674,294	2,960,179	6,634,473	4,511,461		
Expenditures:						
Capital outlay - highway construction	45,920,445	123,003,897	168,924,342	148,241,265		
Other	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		1,989		
Total expenditures	45,920,445	123,003,897	168,924,342	148,243,254		
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	<42,246,151>	<120,043,718>	<162,289,869>	<143,731,793>		
Other financing sources <uses>:</uses>						
Proceeds from sale of bonds	131,392,321	119,107,028	250,499,349	152,572,363		
Operating transfers out	<41,153,217>	<7,352,968>	<48,506,185>	<550,912>		
Total other financing sources <uses></uses>	90,239,104	111,754,060	201,993,164	152,021,451		
Excess <deficiency> of revenues and other financing sources over <under> expenditures</under></deficiency>						
and other financing uses	47,992,953	<8,289,658>	39,703,295	8,289,658		
Fund balances, July 1		8,289,658	8,289,658			
Fund balances, June 30	<u>\$ 47,992,953</u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 47,992,953</u>	<u>\$ 8,289,658</u>		

Enterprise Fund

The Arizona Highways Magazine Fund

publishes and markets the Arizona Highways Magazine and various other products that promote the State of Arizona.





Arizona Department of Transportation Arizona Highways Magazine Fund Comparative Balance Sheets June 30, 2000 and 1999

	2000		1999
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents on deposit with the State Treasurer	\$ 3,308,989	\$	3,221,552
Subscriptions receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts of			
\$7,300 in 2000 and 1999	358,776		463,554
Accrued interest receivable	28,205		38,658
Accounts receivable - retail/commercial, less allowance for returns of			
\$10,000 in 2000 and 1999	53,435		123,519
Inventories	2,786,130		2,815,194
Prepaid expenses	 668,778		606,291
Total current assets	 7,204,313		7,268,768
Fixed assets, net of accumulated depreciation	2,065,088		2,420,394
Total assets	\$ 9,269,401	\$	9,689,162
Liabilities and fund equity			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 163,656	\$	246,241
Accrued payroll and other accrued expenses	181,267		237,845
Due to other Arizona Department of Transportation funds	_		1,808
Deferred revenue - unearned subscription revenue	4,484,216		4,257,611
Total current liabilities	 4,829,139	_	4,743,505
Fund equity:			
Contributed capital	1,538,698		1,538,698
Retained earnings	2,901,564		3,406,959
Total fund equity	4,440,262		4,945,657
Total liabilities and fund equity	\$ 9,269,401	\$	9,689,162

Arizona Department of Transportation Arizona Highways Magazine Fund Comparative Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Retained Earnings For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2000 and 1999

	2000	1999
Operating revenues:		
Magazine sales	\$ 6,223,932	\$ 6,039,340
Sales of related products	4,489,024	
Other	475,953	607,749
Total operating revenues	11,188,909	10,916,555
Operating expenses:		
Publication and promotional costs	5,644,967	5,685,205
Salaries and wages	2,122,261	2,011,090
Employee benefits	466,296	466,812
Shipping and postage	1,944,050	1,969,985
Supplies	112,112	107,401
Equipment rental	90,776	79,249
Temporary help, professional and outside services	541,960	513,544
Repairs and maintenance	83,058	63,800
Travel	26,397	23,951
Write-off of uncollectible accounts	91,127	68,521
Other	308,101	368,760
Depreciation	366,702	358,265
Total operating expenses	11,797,807	11,716,583
Operating loss	<608,898	> <800,028>
Non-operating revenues <expenses>:</expenses>		
Interest	172,456	227,854
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	<68,953	> <279,989>
Total non-operating revenues <expenses></expenses>	103,503	<u><52,135</u> >
Net <loss></loss>	<505,395	> <852,163>
Retained earnings, July 1	3,406,959	4,259,122
Retained earnings, June 30	\$ 2,901,564	\$ 3,406,959

Arizona Department of Transportation Arizona Highways Magazine Fund Comparative Statements of Cash Flows For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2000 and 1999

		2000		1999
Cook flows from anousting activities	-	2000		1999
Cash flows from operating activities: Operating loss	\$	<608,898>	\$	<800,028>
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash	Ф	<000,090>	Ф	<000,020>
used for operating activities:				
Depreciation		366,702		358,265
Changes in current assets and liabilities:		300,702		336,203
Accounts receivable		174,862		9,330
Inventories		29,064		<43,299>
Prepaid expenses		<62,487>		<285,063>
Accounts payable		<82,585>		58,554
Accrued payroll and other accrued expenses		<56,578>		2,464
Due to other Arizona Department of Transportation funds		<1,808>		<503>
Deferred revenue		226,605		<109,266>
Total adjustments		593,775		<9,518>
Total adjustments		393,113		<9,510>
Net cash used for operating activities		<15,123>		<809,546>
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:				
Acquisition of fixed assets		<80,349>		<224,214>
Reduction of contributed capital				<500,000>
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities	_	<80,349>		<724,214>
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Interest		182,909		275,238
Net cash provided by investing activities		182,909		275,238
Net increase <decrease> in cash and cash equivalents</decrease>		87,437		<1,258,522>
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1		3,221,552		4,480,074
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$	3,308,989	\$	3,221,552

Internal Service Fund

The Equipment Fund

purchases and maintains equipment and materials to be used by other funds.





Arizona Department of Transportation Equipment Fund Comparative Balance Sheets June 30, 2000 and 1999

	2000	1999
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents on deposit		
with the State Treasurer	\$ 5,092,780	\$ 5,065,792
Receivables:		
Accrued interest	34,825	41,789
Other	256,936	87,503
Due from other Arizona Department		
of Transportation funds	68,116	1,775,347
Due from other state agencies	-	20,254
Inventories	2,334,406	2,560,838
Total current assets	7,787,063	9,551,523
Fixed assets, net of accumulated		
depreciation	45,686,282	35,321,018
Total assets	\$ 53,473,345	\$ 44,872,541
Liabilities and fund equity		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 557,157
Accrued payroll and other accrued		
expenses	727,092	908,896
Notes payable	9,530,079	
Total liabilities	10,257,171	1,466,053
Fund equity:		
Contributed capital	5,793,237	5,793,237
Retained earnings <deficit>:</deficit>		
Reserved for replacement of equipment	9,985,210	9,985,210
Unreserved	27,437,727	27,628,041
Total fund equity	43,216,174	43,406,488
Total liabilities and fund equity	<u>\$ 53,473,345</u>	<u>\$ 44,872,541</u>

Arizona Department of Transportation Equipment Fund

Comparative Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Retained Earnings For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2000 and 1999

	2000	1999
Operating revenues:		
Equipment rentals	\$ 26,104,085	\$ 24,289,009
Equipment sales	504,746	165,711
Other	3,624,687	3,394,993
Total operating revenues	30,233,518	27,849,713
Operating expenses:		
Equipment maintenance	5,712,905	5,813,831
Fuel and lubricants	4,871,554	3,162,837
Salaries and related benefits	8,933,988	8,826,969
Supplies	368,417	224,049
Professional and outside services	505,538	460,658
Insurance	605,300	855,600
Travel	106,650	116,161
Other	1,443,653	1,009,273
Depreciation	8,099,211	6,663,738
Total operating expenses	30,647,216	27,133,116
Operating income	<413,698>	716,597
Non-operating revenues <expenses>:</expenses>		
Interest	223,384	154,648
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	-	<93,746>
Legislative transfer out		<500,000>
Total non-operating revenues <expenses></expenses>	223,384	<439,098>
Net income <loss></loss>	<190,314>	277,499
Retained earnings, July 1	37,613,251	37,335,752
Retained earnings, June 30	\$ 37,422,937	\$ 37,613,251

Arizona Department of Transportation Equipment Fund

Comparative Statements of Cash Flows For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2000 and 1999

	2000	1999
Cash flows from operating activities:		1777
Operating income <loss></loss>	\$ <413,698>	\$ 716,597
Adjustments to reconcile operating	+,	+ ,
income <loss> to net cash provided by</loss>		
operating activities		
Depreciation	8,099,211	6,663,738
Changes in assets and liabilities:	-,,	-,,
Due from other Arizona Department		
of Transportation funds	1,707,231	187,662
Due from other state agencies	20,254	93,910
Other receivables	<169,433>	39,519
Inventories	226,432	<191,770>
Accounts payable	<557,157>	<213,731>
Accrued payroll and other accrued expenses	<181,804>	80,995
Total adjustments	9,144,734	6,660,323
Net cash provided by	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
operating activities	8,731,036	7,376,920
Cash flows from capital and related		
financing activities:		
Acquisition of fixed assets	<9,970,100>	<5,525,953>
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	1,035,668	448,628
Legislative transfer out	, , , <u>-</u>	<500,000>
Net cash used for capital and		
related financing activities	<8,934,432>	<5,577,325>
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Interest	230,384	169,194
Net cash provided by investing activities	230,384	169,194
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	26,988	1,968,789
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1	5,065,792	3,097,003
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$ 5,092,780	\$ 5,065,792

Fiduciary Funds

Agency Funds

The Local Agency Deposits Fund receives monies from the U.S. Government and local agencies for the payment of local agency sponsored county secondary road construction projects.

The Motor Vehicle Division Clearing Fund

accounts for the collection and disbursement of all Motor Vehicle Division revenues.

The Highway User Revenue Fund collects motor vehicle and liquid use fuel taxes and receives certain Motor Vehicle Division revenues from the Motor Vehicle Division Clearing Fund. These monies are distributed to the State Highway Fund, the Department of

Public Safety, the Arizona State Parks, the Economic Strength Project Fund, and various cities and counties.

The Underground Storage Tank Fund

receives certain Motor Vehicle Division revenues for distribution to the Department of Environmental Quality.

The Highway Property Rentals 24 Percent Fund

collects 24 percent of the Department's rental income from condemned properties for distribution to the local county.

The Economic Strength Project
Fund collects monies from the
Highway User Revenue Fund for use
on approved economic strength
projects recommended by the
Commerce and Economic
Development Commission.





Arizona Department of Transportation Agency Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2000 (With comparative totals at June 30, 1999)

	ocal Agency Deposits	M	otor Vehicle Division Clearing	U	Highway ser Revenue	Uı	nderground Storage Tank	Highway Property ntals - 24%
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents on deposit								
with the State Treasurer:								
Restricted	\$ 5,480,688	\$	_	\$	-	\$	425,834	\$ -
Unrestricted	-		17,809,183		61,382,787		-	2,480,185
Receivables:								
Accrued interest	-		-		391,910		14,745	-
Taxes and fees	-		72,677,349		76,407,839		-	-
Other	443,863		-		-		-	38,133
Due from U.S. Government for								
reimbursable construction costs	3,072,925		-		-		-	-
Due from other Arizona Department of								
Transportation funds	-		654,106		32,120,113		3,386,635	-
Due from Arizona counties, cities and								
other state agencies	 40,552		4,737		62,895	_		
Total assets	\$ 9,038,028	\$	91,145,375	\$	170,365,544	\$	3,827,214	\$ 2,518,318
Liabilities								
Liabilities:								
Construction contracts payable	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Accounts payable	2,177,071		5,946,241		-		121,743	-
Due to other Arizona Department of								
Transportation funds	-		39,655,730		83,872,435		-	162
Due to Arizona Department of Public								
Safety	-		-		2,685,000		-	-
Due to Arizona counties, cities and								
other state agencies	6,860,957		43,486,687		83,808,109		3,705,471	2,518,156
Surety and rental deposits	 _		2,056,717		<u>-</u>			 _
Total liabilities	\$ 9,038,028	\$	91,145,375	\$	170,365,544	\$	3,827,214	\$ 2,518,318

	nomic ength	Totals					
Pr	oject	_	2000		1999		
\$ 2,	155,603	\$	8,062,125	\$	7,299,447		
	-		81,672,155		95,000,138		
	19,586		426,241		472,646		
	-		149,085,188		165,884,710		
	-		481,996		555,167		
	-		3,072,925		1,865,536		
	-		36,160,854		45,670,690		
	_		108,184		376,534		
\$ 2,	175,189	\$	279,069,668	\$	317,124,868		
\$	_	\$	-	\$	1,961,246		
	-		8,245,055		6,148,773		
	-		123,528,327		147,862,479		
	-		2,685,000		1,692,500		
2,	175,189		142,554,569		157,350,289		
		_	2,056,717	_	2,109,581		
\$ 2,	175,189	\$	279,069,668	\$	317,124,868		

Arizona Department of Transportation

Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000

		Balance July 1, 1999		Additions		Deletions	Jı	Balance ine 30, 2000
Local Agency Deposits Fund								
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents on deposit with	ф	100000	ф	16.450.046	ф	15 041 250	ф	5 400 coc
the State Treasurer, restricted	\$	4,969,692	\$	16,452,346	\$	15,941,350	\$	5,480,688
Accounts receivable		530,223		61,501		147,861		443,863
Due from U.S. Government for		1.065.526		15 541 100		14 222 720		2.072.025
reimbursable construction costs		1,865,536		15,541,128		14,333,739		3,072,925
Due from Arizona counties, cities and		276 524		1 624 764		1.070.746		40.550
other state agencies	_	376,534		1,634,764	_	1,970,746	_	40,552
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	7,741,985	\$	33,689,739	\$	32,393,696	\$	9,038,028
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	126,567	\$	2,050,504	\$	-	\$	2,177,071
Construction contracts payable		1,961,246		13,980,104		15,941,350		
Due to Arizona counties, cities and other								
state agencies		5,654,172		1,206,785		-		6,860,957
Total liabilities	\$	7,741,985	\$	17,237,393	\$	15,941,350	\$	9,038,028
Motor Vehicle Division Clearing Fund								
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents on deposit with								
the State Treasurer, unrestricted	\$	24,363,176	\$	876,342,989	\$	882,896,982	\$	17,809,183
Γaxes and fees receivable	Ψ	79,348,245	Ψ.	869,677,816	Ψ	876,348,712	Ψ.	72,677,349
Due from other Arizona Department of		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		, ,				. =, ,
Transportation funds		27,420		626,686		_		654,106
Due from Arizona counties, cities and		_,,,		,				,
other state agencies		-		18,545		13,808		4,737
Total assets	\$	103,738,841	\$	1,746,666,036	\$	1,759,259,502	\$	91,145,375
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	5,935,001	\$	75,582,560	\$	75,571,320	\$	5,946,241
Due to other Arizona Department of	Ψ	3,733,001	Ψ	73,302,300	Ψ	73,371,320	Ψ	3,770,241
Transportation funds		50,217,237		457,054,323		467,615,830		39,655,730
Due to Arizona counties, cities and other		50,217,257		157,054,525		107,013,030		57,055,750
state agencies		45,477,022		337,661,078		339,651,413		43,486,687
Surety and rental deposits		2,109,581		5,556		58,420		2,056,717
	_	-,107,001		5,550		30,120		-,000,717

Arizona Department of Transportation

Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000

	_	Balance July 1, 1999		Additions		Deletions	J	Balance une 30, 2000
Highway User Revenue Fund		7 1, 1999	-	11dditions		Deterons		une 20, 2000
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents on deposit with								
the State Treasurer, unrestricted	\$	68,104,498	\$	1,018,458,167	\$	1,025,179,878	\$	61,382,787
Accrued interest receivable		455,506		2,023,541		2,087,137		391,910
Taxes and fees receivable		86,536,465		605,183,251		615,311,877		76,407,839
Due from other Arizona Department of								
Transportation funds		42,288,533		390,950,918		401,119,338		32,120,113
Due from Arizona counties, cities and				62.005				62.005
other state agencies	_	-	_	62,895	_	-	_	62,895
Total assets	\$	197,385,002	\$	2,016,678,772	\$	2,043,698,230	\$	170,365,544
Liabilities:								
Due to other Arizona Department of								
Transportation funds	\$	97,645,242	\$	494,697,463	\$	508,470,270	\$	83,872,435
Due to Arizona Department of Public Safety		1,692,500		13,622,500		12,630,000		2,685,000
Due to Arizona counties, cities and other								
state agencies		98,047,260		489,840,456		504,079,607		83,808,109
Total liabilities	<u>\$</u>	197,385,002	\$	998,160,419	\$	1,025,179,877	\$	170,365,544
Underground Storage Tank Fund								
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents on deposit with								
the State Treasurer, restricted	\$	339,667	\$	28,829,762	\$	28,743,595	\$	425,834
Accrued interest receivable	Ψ	2,868	Ψ	15,836	Ψ	3,959	Ψ	14,745
Due from other Arizona Department of		,		- ,		- ,		,.
Transportation funds		3,354,737		28,857,701		28,825,803		3,386,635
Total assets	\$	3,697,272	\$	57,703,299	\$	57,573,357	\$	3,827,214
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	87,205	\$	1,413,101	\$	1,378,563	\$	121,743
Due to Arizona counties, cities and other								
state agencies		3,610,067		27,460,436		27,365,032		3,705,471
Total liabilities	\$	3,697,272	\$	28,873,537	\$	28,743,595	\$	3,827,214
Highway Property Rentals - 24% Fund								
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents on deposit with								
the State Treasurer, unrestricted	\$	2,532,464	\$	400,443	\$	452,722	\$	2,480,185
Accounts receivable		24,944		413,633		400,444		38,133
Total assets	\$	2,557,408	\$	814,076	\$	853,166	\$	2,518,318
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	203	\$	203	\$	_
Due to other Arizona Department of	Ψ	_	Ψ	203	Ψ	203	Ψ	_
Transportation funds		_		162		_		162
Due to Arizona counties, cities and other				102				102
state agencies		2,557,408		413,429		452,681		2,518,156
Total liabilities	\$	2,557,408	\$	413,794	\$	452,884	\$	2,518,318
	T	, · , - · ·	-	,	T	,	<u>-</u>	(Continued

Arizona Department of Transportation

Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000

Economic Strength Project Fund	Balance July 1, 1999	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2000
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents on deposit with				
the State Treasurer, restricted	\$ 1,990,088	\$ 1,110,051	\$ 944,536	\$ 2,155,603
Accrued interest receivable	14,272	115,365	110,051	19,586
Due from other Arizona Department of				
Transportation funds		1,000,000	1,000,000	<u>-</u>
Total assets	\$ 2,004,360	\$ 2,225,416	\$ 2,054,587	\$ 2,175,189
Liabilities:				
Due to Arizona counties, cities and other				
state agencies	\$ 2,004,360	\$ 1,115,365	\$ 944,536	\$ 2,175,189
Total liabilities	\$ 2,004,360	\$ 1,115,365	\$ 944,536	\$ 2,175,189
Total - All Agency Funds				
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents on deposit with				
the State Treasurer:				
Restricted	\$ 7,299,447	\$ 46,392,159	\$ 45,629,481	\$ 8,062,125
Unrestricted	95,000,138	1,895,201,599	1,908,529,582	81,672,155
Receivables:				
Accrued interest	472,646	2,154,742	2,201,147	426,241
Taxes and fees	165,884,710	1,474,861,067	1,491,660,589	149,085,188
Other	555,167	475,134	548,305	481,996
Due from U.S. Government for				
reimbursable construction costs	1,865,536	15,541,128	14,333,739	3,072,925
Due from other Arizona Department of				
Transportation funds	45,670,690	421,435,305	430,945,141	36,160,854
Due from Arizona counties, cities and				
other state agencies	376,534	1,716,204	1,984,554	108,184
Total assets	\$ 317,124,868	\$ 3,857,777,338	\$ 3,895,832,538	\$ 279,069,668
<u>Liabilities:</u>				
Accounts payable	\$ 6,148,773	\$ 79,046,368	\$ 76,950,086	\$ 8,245,055
Construction contracts payable	1,961,246	13,980,104	15,941,350	-
Due to other Arizona Department of Transportation funds	147,862,479	951,751,948	976,086,100	123,528,327
Due to Arizona Department of Public Safety	1,692,500	13,622,500	12,630,000	2,685,000
Due to Arizona counties, cities and other	, ,		, ,	
state agencies	157,350,289	857,697,549	872,493,269	142,554,569
Surety and rental deposits	2,109,581	5,556	58,420	2,056,717
Total liabilities	\$ 317,124,868	\$ 1,916,104,025	\$ 1,954,159,225	\$ 279,069,668

General Fixed Assets Account Group

Fixed assets used in governmental fund type operations are accounted for in the General Fixed Assets Account Group, rather than in individual funds. Public domain (infrastructure) assets consisting of certain improvements other than buildings (including roads, bridges, lighting systems, and similar assets) are not reported in the General Fixed Assets Account Group.





Arizona Department of Transportation Comparative Schedules of General Fixed Assets By Source June 30, 2000 and 1999

	2000		1999		
General fixed assets					
Land	\$	13,499,044	\$	10,863,072	
Buildings and improvements		133,198,724		110,107,920	
Improvements other than buildings		9,403,527		31,086,260	
Machinery and equipment		38,854,728		39,454,138	
Total general fixed assets	\$	194,956,023	\$	191,511,390	
Investment in general fixed assets by source					
Special revenue funds	\$	187,863,944	\$	187,273,491	
Proprietary funds		1,498,913		1,221,920	
Third-party financing		5,593,166		3,015,979	
Total investment in general fixed assets	\$	194,956,023	\$	191,511,390	

Arizona Department of Transportation Schedule of General Fixed Assets - By Function and Activity June 30, 2000

Function and Activity	 Land	Buildings and inprovements	0	provements other Than Buildings	achinery and Equipment	 Total
Administration	\$ 879,016	\$ 13,801,569	\$	732,130	\$ 14,095,642	\$ 29,508,357
Aeronautics Division	-	21,604		4,254	176,771	202,629
Motor Vehicle Division	8,915,069	41,635,645		2,101,382	6,967,826	59,619,922
Highway:						
Highway development	-	-		-	3,341,178	3,341,178
Highway construction	141,465	4,568,931		253,581	2,388,650	7,352,627
Transportation planning and research	-	-		121,106	594,380	715,486
Materials engineering	-	4,809,846		-	2,836,279	7,646,125
Traffic engineering	-	74,428		17,942	897,647	990,017
Administrative and other services	936,421	30,106,088		825,126	3,676,012	35,543,647
Highway Maintenance	2,627,073	38,180,613		5,348,006	 3,880,343	 50,036,035
Total general fixed assets	\$ 13,499,044	\$ 133,198,724	\$	9,403,527	\$ 38,854,728	\$ 194,956,023

Arizona Department of Transportation Schedule of Changes in General Fixed Assets - By Function and Activity For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000

Function and Activity	_	General Fixed Assets July 1, 1999	 Additions	 Deductions	_	General Fixed Assets une 30, 2000
Administration	\$	28,864,758	\$ 1,431,864	\$ <788,265>	\$	29,508,357
Aeronautics Division		19,749,262	22,444	<19,569,077>		202,629
Motor Vehicle Division		56,706,152	3,456,917	<543,147>		59,619,922
Highway:						
Highway development		3,436,622	236,099	<331,543>		3,341,178
Highway construction		9,144,834	1,172,293	<2,964,500>		7,352,627
Transportation planning and research		1,500,178	2,927	<787,619>		715,486
Materials engineering		7,033,604	644,522	<32,001>		7,646,125
Traffic engineering		3,688,266	35,679	<2,733,928>		990,017
Administrative and other services		22,550,087	13,129,434	<135,874>		35,543,647
Highway Maintenance		38,837,627	 11,208,641	 <10,233>		50,036,035
Total general fixed assets	\$	191,511,390	\$ 31,340,820	\$ <27,896,187>	\$	194,956,023

General Long-Term Debt Account Group

All long-term liabilities that are not presented as liabilities of a specific fund are accounted for in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group. This represents the noncurrent debt obligation of the Department.





Subordinated Highway Revenue Bonds

Fiscal		1991 Series	onds	199	2 Series A Ref	fundi	ing Bonds	1992 Series B Bonds					
Year	_	Principal	Interest		Principal			Interest		Principal		Interest	
2001	\$	-	\$	918,313	\$	25,205,000	\$	1,537,506	\$	-	\$	2,687,330	
2002		-		918,312		-		-		5,990,000		2,687,330	
2003		10,495,000		918,312		-		-		6,870,000		2,321,940	
2004		-		-		_		-		7,300,000		1,896,000	
2005		-		-		_		-		7,885,000		1,312,000	
2006		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		8,515,000		681,200	
	\$	10,495,000	\$	2,754,937	\$	25,205,000	\$	1,537,506	\$	36,560,000	\$	11,585,800	

Highway Revenue Bonds

	1993 Series A and B											
Fiscal	1	1993 Series Refu	undi	ng Bonds	St	ibordinated, Re	efun	ding Bonds		1999	Serie	S
<u>Year</u>	_	Principal		Interest	_	Principal	_	Interest		Principal		Interest
2001	\$	11,385,000	\$	6,356,422	\$	2,010,000	\$	13,225,412	\$	13,455,000	\$	8,377,557
2002		13,380,000		5,821,328		13,970,000		13,138,982		4,450,000		7,709,533
2003		1,000,000		5,179,088		16,585,000		12,524,302		4,645,000		7,513,732
2004		16,760,000		5,129,088		1,620,000		11,777,976		15,785,000		7,304,708
2005		17,600,000		4,291,088		13,820,000		11,703,456		5,010,000		6,436,532
2006		14,820,000		3,367,088		18,170,000		11,053,916		5,255,000		6,196,053
2007		15,605,000		2,589,038		28,235,000		10,181,758		5,515,000		5,934,482
2008		16,425,000		1,769,776		29,610,000		8,805,300		5,790,000		5,658,733
2009		17,285,000		907,464		31,395,000		7,028,700		6,100,000		5,347,062
2010		-		-		51,685,000		5,458,950		6,420,000		5,029,863
2011		-		-		54,520,000		2,624,700		6,790,000		4,655,897
2012		-		-		-		-		7,195,000		4,252,638
2013		-		-		-		-		7,625,000		3,825,262
2014		-		-		-		-		8,080,000		3,367,763
2015		-		-		-		-		8,575,000		2,872,862
2016		-		-		-		-		9,110,000		2,336,925
2017		-		-		-		-		9,680,000		1,767,550
2018		-		-		_		-		10,235,000		1,210,950
2019									10,825,000			622,438
	\$	124,260,000	\$	35,410,380	\$	261,620,000	\$	107,523,452	\$	150,540,000	\$	90,420,540

Fiscal	 Highway Revo	evenue Bonds					
Year	 Tota	ıl					
	 Principal		Interest				
2001	\$ 52,055,000	\$	33,102,540				
2002	37,790,000		30,275,485				
2003	39,595,000		28,457,374				
2004	41,465,000		26,107,772				
2005	44,315,000		23,743,076				
2006	46,760,000		21,298,257				
2007	49,355,000		18,705,278				
2008	51,825,000		16,233,809				
2009	54,780,000		13,283,226				
2010	58,105,000		10,488,813				
2011	61,310,000		7,280,597				
2012	7,195,000		4,252,638				
2013	7,625,000		3,825,262				
2014	8,080,000		3,367,763				
2015	8,575,000		2,872,862				
2016	9,110,000		2,336,925				
2017	9,680,000		1,767,550				
2018	10,235,000		1,210,950				
2019	 10,825,000		622,438				
	\$ 608,680,000	\$	249,232,615				

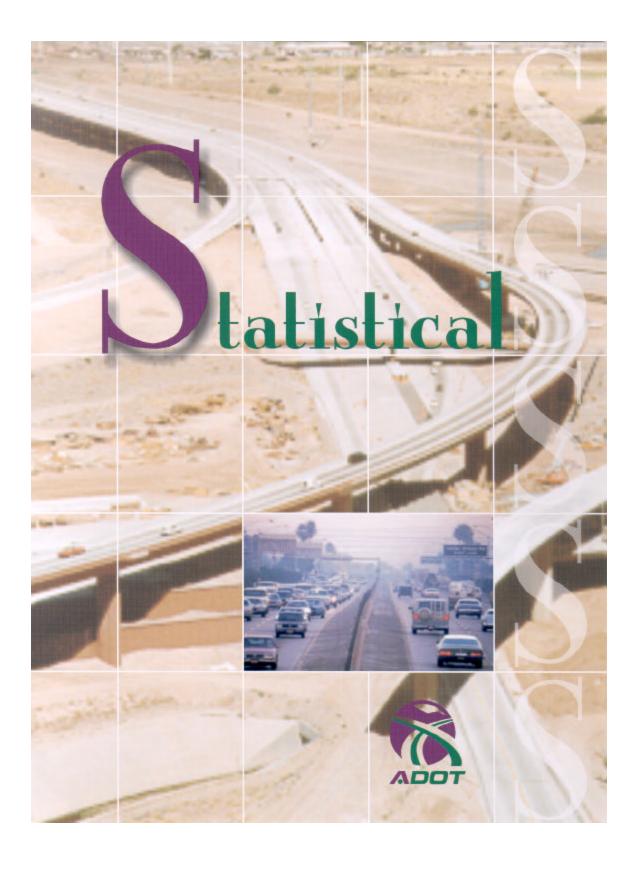
1988 Series A Capital Appreciation Bonds			19	992 Series A Re	funding Bo	ıds_	1992 Series B Bonds				
 Principal	Inte	rest	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		
\$ -	\$	_	\$	40,170,000	7,127	920	\$	2,500,000	\$	782,905	
21,500,000		-		110,000	4,958	740		2,635,000		647,905	
21,500,000		-		23,240,000	4,952	690		2,780,000		502,980	
21,500,000		-		24,545,000	3,651,	250		2,935,000		347,300	
 8,500,000		<u>-</u>		38,955,000	2,239	913		3,105,000		178,538	
\$ 73,000,000	\$		Ф	127,020,000	\$ 22,930.	512	Φ	13,955,000	ф	2,459,628	

	1775 Series Suborumateu,							1))3 Series D Substanlateu,				
Fiscal	Refunding Bonds					Series A Subo	nated Bonds	Refunding Bonds				
Year		Principal Interest		Principal			Interest		Principal		Interest	
2001	\$	8,890,000	\$	5,893,205	\$	13,925,000	\$	4,446,125	\$	255,000	\$	5,102,537
2002		30,835,000		5,502,045		14,555,000		3,819,500		33,185,000		5,091,063
2003		31,180,000		3,775,285		15,355,000		3,018,975		10,215,000		3,099,963
2004		32,335,000		2,372,185		16,275,000		2,097,675		12,470,000		2,614,750
2005		18,825,000		884,775		17,330,000		1,039,800		30,070,000		1,804,200
	\$	122,065,000	\$	18,427,495	\$	77,440,000	\$	14,422,075	\$	86,195,000	\$	17,712,513

Transportation Excise Tax Revenue Bonds

Fiscal	1998 Series	A B	onds	1999 Series Subordinated Bonds					Total				
<u>Year</u>	 Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		
2001	\$ 37,985,000	\$	6,697,250	\$	31,645,000	\$	5,356,875	\$	135,370,000	\$	35,406,817		
2002	21,580,000		4,818,000		17,685,000		3,853,738		142,085,000		28,690,991		
2003	25,865,000		3,757,000		18,555,000		2,969,487		148,690,000		22,076,380		
2004	25,615,000		2,481,750		19,420,000		2,041,737		155,095,000		15,606,647		
2005	 25,090,000	_	1,217,000		20,395,000		1,070,738		162,270,000		8,434,964		
	\$ 136,135,000	\$	18,971,000	\$	107,700,000	\$	15,292,575	\$	743,510,000	\$	110,215,799		

Fiscal			otal Bonds			
Year		Principal		Interest		Total
		_				
2001	\$	187,425,000	\$	68,509,357	\$	255,934,357
2002		179,875,000		58,966,476		238,841,476
2003		188,285,000		50,533,754		238,818,754
2004		196,560,000		41,714,419		238,274,419
2005		206,585,000		32,178,040		238,763,040
2006		46,760,000		21,298,257		68,058,257
2007		49,355,000		18,705,278		68,060,278
2008		51,825,000		16,233,809		68,058,809
2009		54,780,000		13,283,226		68,063,226
2010		58,105,000		10,488,813		68,593,813
2011		61,310,000		7,280,597		68,590,597
2012		7,195,000		4,252,638		11,447,638
2013		7,625,000		3,825,262		11,450,262
2014		8,080,000		3,367,763		11,447,763
2015		8,575,000		2,872,862		11,447,862
2016		9,110,000		2,336,925		11,446,925
2017		9,680,000		1,767,550		11,447,550
2018		10,235,000		1,210,950		11,445,950
2019	_	10,825,000		622,438	_	11,447,438
	\$	1,352,190,000	\$	359,448,414	\$	1,711,638,414



Arizona Department of Transportation Governmental Fund Expenditures For the fiscal year ended June 30 (Thousands of Dollars)

Fiscal Year	Admin	istration /1	Hi	ghway /2	Motor Vehicle Division		ghway ntenance		Highway struction /3	A	viation	 Debt Service	(Other /4	<u></u>	Total
2000	\$	47,847	\$	42,302	\$ 74,492	\$	83,398	\$	941,913	\$	21,640	\$ 253,823	\$	43,927	\$	1,509,342
1999		44,648		42,035	67,144		79,304		853,695		26,787	226,928		62,600		1,403,141
1998		43,914		41,381	63,056		76,597		602,955		30,734	199,948		65,625		1,124,210
1997		43,981		40,230	30,147		70,336		540,203		18,975	210,446		84,433		1,038,751
		inistrative vices /5		lighway vision /6	Motor Vehicle Division		sportation anning		lighway nstruction	A	viation	Debt Service	(Other /7		Total
1996					Vehicle						viation 11,107	\$	\$	Other /7 87,960		Total 1,036,294
1996 1995	Ser	vices /5	Di	vision /6	Vehicle Division	Pla	anning	Co	nstruction			 Service			\$	
	Ser	vices /5 36,406	Di	vision /6 108,670	Vehicle Division \$ 33,486	Pla	3,214	Co	555,087		11,107	 Service 200,364		87,960	\$	1,036,294
1995	Ser	36,406 36,933	Di	vision /6 108,670 108,495	Vehicle Division \$ 33,486 35,221	Pla	3,214 3,381	Co	555,087 418,601		11,107 9,239	 Service 200,364 182,554		87,960 57,757	\$	1,036,294 852,181
1995 1994	Ser	36,406 36,933 45,363	Di	vision /6 108,670 108,495 104,288	Vehicle Division \$ 33,486 35,221 27,992	Pla	3,214 3,381 3,468	Co	555,087 418,601 481,538		11,107 9,239 13,579	 200,364 182,554 181,519		87,960 57,757 78,254	\$	1,036,294 852,181 936,001

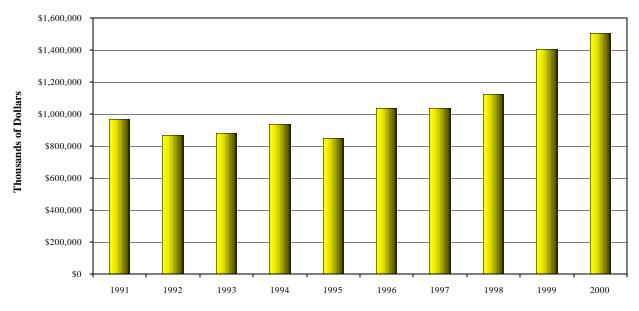
SOURCE: General Purpose Financial Statements - fiscal years 1991 through 2000

NOTES: /1 Includes the Director's Office, Financial Management (formerly Administrative) Services,

Transportation Support Services and the Department's Risk Management Premium.

- /2 Includes Transportation Planning.
- /3 For years prior to 2000, includes Expendable Trust Fund.
- /4 Includes Transportation not appropriated, Land, Building & Improvements, Leases Payable and Transfers
- /5 Includes the Department's Risk Management Premium.
- /6 Includes Highway Maintenance.
- 77 Includes Reimbursements, Transfers, Director's Office, Highway Safety Office, and Land, Buildings & Improvements.

Total Expenditures



Fiscal Year

Arizona Department of Transportation Governmental Fund Revenues For the fiscal year ended June 30 (Thousands of Dollars)

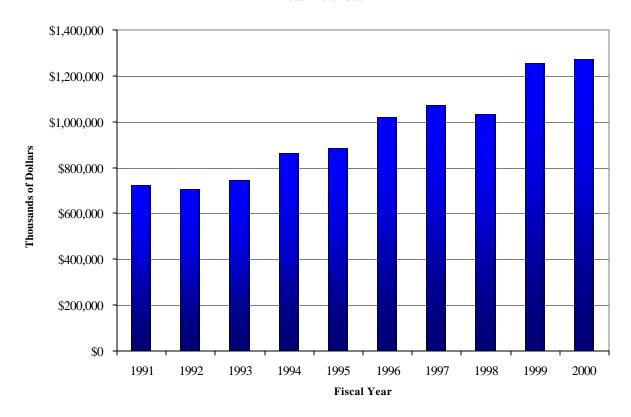
Fiscal Year	Motor Fuel Tax	Reg., Fees, Permits, Service Charges	Expenditures of Federal Awards /1	Investment Earnings	Other /1	Reimburse- ments	Total /2
2000	\$ 276,189	\$ 255,088	\$ 414,015	\$ 41,534	\$ 267,004	\$ 18,788	\$ 1,272,618
1999	298,394	250,121	401,464	34,377	257,479	15,748	1,257,583
1998	273,806	210,370	283,982	34,382	223,486	8,505	1,034,531
1997	288,878	198,002	305,438	33,238	231,792	15,083	1,072,431
1996	291,000	171,823	268,605	29,603	228,698	32,711	1,022,440
1995	293,870	133,689	225,607	22,340	190,498	17,808	883,812
1994	280,394	117,412	261,000	14,229	177,561	13,130	863,726
1993	264,307	102,524	183,407	18,560	153,333	22,604	744,735
1992	261,678	89,261	174,683	22,422	138,097	18,513	704,654
1991	256,521	99,389	191,899	31,799	132,707	12,632	724,947

SOURCE: General Purpose Financial Statements - Fiscal Years 1991 through 2000

NOTE: /1 For years prior to 1999, includes Expendable Trust Fund.

/2 Method of accounting for taxpayer assessed revenues has been changed due to the adoption of GASB Statement No. 22 during fiscal year 1995.

Total Revenues



Arizona Department of Transportation Expenditures of Federal Awards /1 For the fiscal year ended June 30 (Thousands of Dollars)

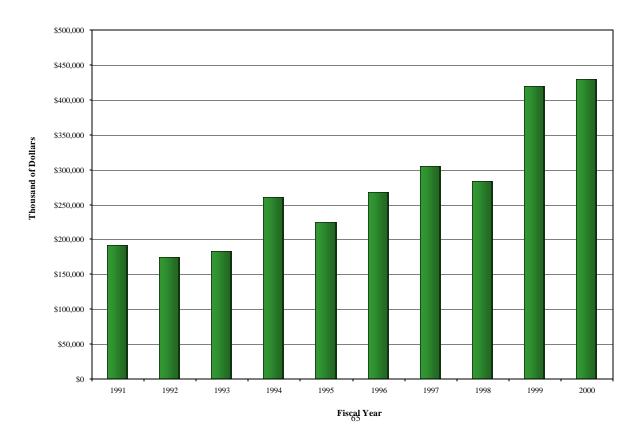
Fiscal										
Year	FAA	FRA	FTA	NHTSA	FHWA	BLM	BIA	Sub-total	FHWA /2	 Total
2000	\$ 6	\$ 2	\$ 3,717	\$ 65	\$ 409,177	\$ -	\$ 1,048	\$ 414,015	\$ 15,219	\$ 429,234
1999	6,278	69	5,107	275	388,761	-	974	401,464	17,748	\$ 419,212
1998	2,379	14	3,392	49	278,148	-	-	283,982	-	\$ 283,982
1997	91	130	2,508	-	302,633	-	76	305,438	-	\$ 305,438
1996	506	499	3,552	-	261,820	-	2,228	268,605	-	\$ 268,605
1995	849	475	1,687	-	221,818	28	750	225,607	-	\$ 225,607
1994	129	437	3,448	-	256,986	-	-	261,000	-	\$ 261,000
1993	3,208	441	1,715	55	177,968	20	-	183,407	-	\$ 183,407
1992	4,369	12	1,097	54	169,151	-	-	174,683	-	\$ 174,683
1991	1,642	-	559	-	189,698	-	-	191,899	-	\$ 191,899

SOURCE: Single Audit Reports - fiscal years 1991 through 2000

NOTES: /1 Federal Aviation Administration (FAA); Federal Railroad Administration (FRA);
Federal Transit Administration (FTA) - previously Urban Mass Transit Administration
(UMTA); National Highway Transportation Safety Administration (NHTSA); Federal
Highway Administration (FHWA); Bureau of Land Management (BLM); Bureau of Indian
Affairs (BIA); and Department of Agriculture (DOA).

/2 Prior to 1999, the Local Agency Deposits Fund was an Expendable Trust Fund. It is now an Agency Fund.

Total Expenditures of Federal Awards



Arizona Department of Transportation Fuel Tax Rates For the fiscal year ended June 30 (Cents per Gallon)

Fiscal Year	Effective Date	Gasoline Tax	Use Fuel Tax /1
2000	-	18	27
1999	-	18	27
1998	12/31/1997	18	27
1997	-	18	18
1996	-	18	18
1995	-	18	18
1994	-	18	18
1993	-	18	18
1992	-	18	18
1991	10/01/1990	18	18

SOURCE: Arizona Revised Statutes 28-5606, 28-5708

NOTE: Gasohol is currently taxed at the same rate as gasoline and use fuel. Use fuel is primarily diesel fuel.

/1 Scheduled to be 26 cents per gallon on 7/1/2000.

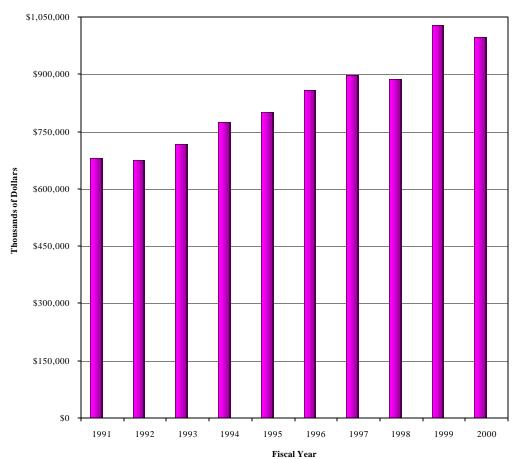
Arizona Department of Transportation Highway User Revenue Fund Collections For the fiscal year ended June 30 (Thousands of Dollars)

Fiscal Year	Motor Veh. Fuel Tax Revenue	Motor Veh. Reg. Fee Revenues	Motor Carrier Tax Revenues	Motor Veh. Operators' License Fees and Other Fees	Motor Veh. License (In Lieu) Tax Revenues	Excess License and Sales Tax Revenues	Total Deposited To Arizona Hwy. User Rev. Fund
2000	\$ 545,901	\$ 158,424	\$ 15,040	\$ 43,508	\$ 235,287	\$ -	\$ 998,160
1999	636,117	145,340	14,409	15,939	217,905	-	1,029,710
1998	508,544	109,445	56,123	36,426	176,950	-	887,488
1997	488,701	101,528	90,186	41,294	175,253	-	896,962
1996	473,741	97,601	85,433	42,654	160,145	-	859,574
1995	451,089	86,159	92,103	39,238	131,562	-	800,151
1994	422,556	83,826	118,530	37,161	113,990	-	776,063
1993	387,235	80,717	120,303	24,161	105,027	-	717,443
1992	369,789	74,180	109,573	25,507	96,146	-	675,195
1991	362,018	75,657	108,655	24,033	92,826	16,632	679,821

SOURCES: General Purpose Financial Statement - Fiscal Years 1999 through 2000.

Arizona Highway User Revenue Fund Revenue Collections by Category - Fiscal Years 1991 through 1998.

Highway User Revenue Fund Collections



Arizona Department of Transportation Highway User Revenue Fund Distributions For the fiscal year ended June 30 (Thousands of Dollars)

Fiscal Year	State Highway Fund /1	Cities and Towns	Counties	Department of Public Safety /2	Economic Strength Project Fund	Other /3	Total
2000	\$ 493,697	\$ 323,798	\$ 157,594	\$ 13,622	\$ 1,000	\$ 8,449	\$ 998,160
1999	512,149	295,879	199,591	12,630	1,000	8,461	1,029,710
1998	435,882	263,220	163,973	14,688	1,000	8,519	887,282
1997	444,927	268,696	167,350	17,188	1,000	9,289	908,450
1996	429,171	256,901	152,571	19,688	1,000	9,304	868,635
1995	412,206	244,512	145,349	20,000	1,000	9,084	832,151
1994	406,376	205,479	134,511	24,925	1,000	532	772,823
1993	355,304	210,531	124,468	24,928	1,000	1,212	717,443
1992	339,807	201,394	119,068	12,453	1,000	1,473	675,195
1991	346,867	208,708	123,746	-	500	-	679,821

The Highway User Revenue Fund receives certain Motor Vehicle Division revenues from the Motor Vehicle Division Clearing Fund. These monies are distributed to the State Highway Fund and various counties and cities, based on statutory formulas.

(Budgetary Basis) - fiscal years 1991 through 1992.

SOURCES: General Purpose Financial Statement - Fiscal Years 1994 through 2000.

Highway User Revenue Fund Schedule 1 Summary for Revenue Collected Fiscal Years 1991through 1993.

Monthly Reports MV675580-01 fiscal years 1993 through 2000 (adjusted for accrual basis in years 1994 through 2000); Highway User Revenue Fund Report

- NOTES: /1 In fiscal year 1995, HB 2431 authorized the transfer of \$1 million for border transportation projects. The revenues beginning in fiscal year 1994 are presented on an accrual basis and are not the same as Table VII.
 - /2 DPS did not receive funding from HURF in fiscal year 1991 in accordance with ARS 28-6537.
 - /3 Appropriation to the Motor Vehicle Division for funding of mandatory insurance enforcement administration for fiscal years 1992 through 1994. In fiscal years 1995 through 2000, an appropriation for Arizona State Parks is included.

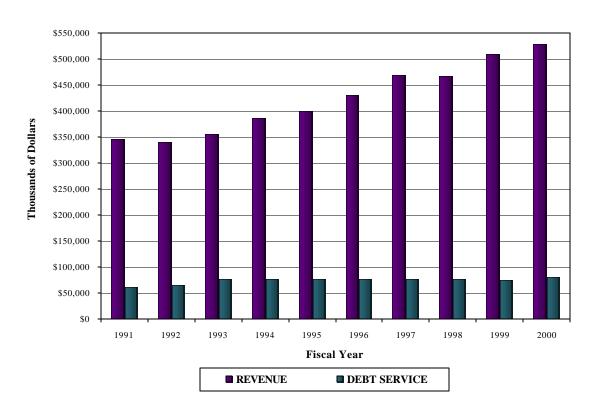
Arizona Department of Transportation Bond Coverage Highway User Revenue Fund Series For the fiscal year ended June 30 (Thousands of Dollars)

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total	Pledged Revenues /1	Coverage
2000	\$ 46,270	\$ 33,994	\$ 80,264	\$ 528,721	6.6
1999	43,805	31,090	74,895	509,935	6.8
1998	43,405	33,266	76,671	468,240	6.1
1997	40,970	36,148	77,118	468,542	6.1
1996	38,430	38,770	77,200	429,825	5.6
1995	36,330	40,974	77,304	399,605	5.2
1994	33,425	44,037	77,462	385,844	5.0
1993	27,865	48,289	76,154	355,304	4.7
1992	26,185	39,957	66,142	339,807	5.1
1991	24,690	36,743	61,433	346,867	5.6

SOURCES: Highway User Revenue Fund Schedule 1 Summary For Revenue Collected
Monthly Reports MV675577-1 fiscal years 1993 through 2000; Highway User
Revenue Fund Report (Budgetary Basis) - fiscal years 1991 through 1992; Debt
Service Funds - fiscal years 1991 through 2000.

/1 For fiscal years 1991 through 1996, net of 7% distributed to cities with a population greater than 300,000 persons. For fiscal years 1997 and after, includes vehicle license tax revenues distributed directly to the State Highway Fund.

Highway User Revenue Fund Series Bond Coverage



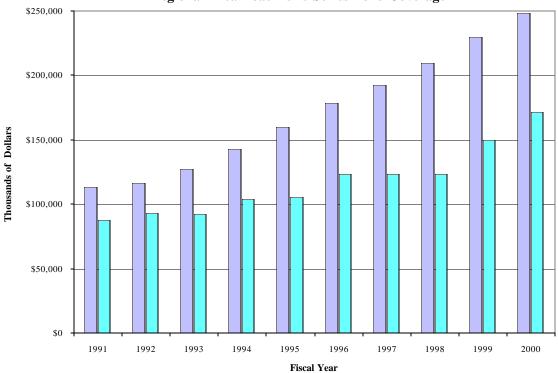
Arizona Department of Transportation Bond Coverage Regional Area Road Fund Series For the fiscal year ended June 30 (Thousands of Dollars)

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Interest Total		Coverage	
2000	\$ 128,805	\$ 42,609	\$ 171,414	\$ 248,596	1.5	
1999	106,765	43,251	150,016	229,470	1.5	
1998	82,765	40,512	123,277	209,263	1.7	
1997	78,015	45,248	123,263	192,257	1.6	
1996	76,955	46,209	123,164	178,413	1.4	
1995	57,930	47,320	105,250	160,319	1.5	
1994	54,710	49,347	104,057	142,846	1.4	
1993	45,650	46,880	92,530	127,273	1.4	
1992	38,410	54,544	92,954	116,497	1.3	
1991	34,480	53,136	87,616	113,335	1.3	

SOURCE: Maricopa County Regional Area Road Fund Report.

NOTE: Bond coverage ratio is based upon total Maricopa Transportation Excise Tax collections.

Regional Area Road Fund Series Bond Coverage



□ REVENUE □ DEBT SERVICE

Arizona Department of Transportation Total Public Road Mileage By Highway Class and Governmental Ownership For the calendar year ended December 31, 1999 (With comparative totals for the calendar year ended December 31, 1998) (In Miles)

					тот	AI.
FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATION	STATE	COUNTY	MUNICIPAL	FEDERAL	1999	1998
RURAL:						
Interstate Freeway	996	-	-	-	996	996
Principal Arterial	1,118	45	14	9	1,186	1,186
Minor Arterial	1,133	101	23		1,257	1,257
Major Collector	1,860	1,587	216	842	4,505	4,505
Minor Collector	375	1,118	51	756	2,300	2,301
Local	361	14,245	1,517	10,814	26,937	26,407
TOTAL RURAL	5,843	17,096	1,821	12,421	37,181	36,652
URBAN:						
Interstate Freeway	172	-	-	-	172	172
Urban Expressway	98	1	9	-	108	100
Principal Arterial	271	105	652	-	1,028	1,028
Minor Arterial	129	275	866	5	1,275	1,274
Urban Collector	5	508	1,220	16	1,749	1,749
Local	102	865	11,947	30	12,944	12,995
TOTAL URBAN	777	1,754	14,694	51	17,276	17,318
STATEWIDE COMPOSITE:						
Freeways and Expressways	1,266	1	9	-	1,276	1,268
Arterials	2,651	526	1,555	14	4,746	4,745
Collectors	2,240	3,213	1,487	1,614	8,554	8,555
Locals	463	15,110	13,464	10,844	39,881	39,402
TOTAL STATEWIDE	6,620	18,850	16,515	12,472	54,457	53,970

Source: Arizona's Highway Performance Monitoring System (HPMS); 1999 & 1998 Data

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report was prepared by Financial Management Services, Fiscal Operations:

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